

Package ‘mqqcause’

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Type Package

Title Multivariate Quantile-on-Quantile Granger Causality

Version 1.0.0

Description Implements bivariate and Multivariate Quantile-on-Quantile Granger causality tests building on the Quantile-on-Quantile regression framework of Sim and Zhou (2015) [<doi:10.1016/j.jbankfin.2015.01.013 >](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbankfin.2015.01.013) and the quantile Granger causality test of Troster (2018) [<doi:10.1080/07474938.2016.1172400 >](https://doi.org/10.1080/07474938.2016.1172400). The bivariate test estimates the local-linear slope in the quantile regression of y_t on lagged x_t with lagged y_t as control, using Gaussian kernel weights, and tests it against zero by paired bootstrap. The multivariate (conditional) test additionally conditions on a set of moderators Z and optional x times Z interaction terms, in the spirit of Sinha, Ghosh, Hussain, Nguyen and Das (2023) [<doi:10.1016/j.eneco.2023.107021 >](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eneco.2023.107021). A Sup-Wald summary across the quantile grid is also provided. Heatmaps and 3D surfaces default to the 'MATLAB' 'Parula' colour map.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

Imports quantreg (>= 5.0), plotly (>= 4.0.0), stats, utils, grDevices

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

URL <https://github.com/merwanroudane/qqcaus>

BugReports <https://github.com/merwanroudane/qqcaus/issues>

Config/testthat/edition 3

NeedsCompilation no

Author Merwan Roudane [aut, cre, cph],
Avik Sinha [ctb] (Original multivariate QQ causality methodology),
Nicholas Sim [ctb] (Original QQ regression methodology),
Hongtao Zhou [ctb] (Original QQ regression methodology)

Maintainer Merwan Roudane <merwanroudane920@gmail.com>

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mqqcause-package	<i>mqqcause: Multivariate Quantile-on-Quantile Granger Causality</i>
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Description

Implements bivariate Quantile-on-Quantile Granger causality and the multivariate (conditional) version with a vector of moderators and optional interaction terms. A Sup-Wald summary across the (theta, tau) grid is also provided (Troster, 2018).

Author(s)

Dr Merwan Roudane <merwanroudane920@gmail.com>
 GitHub: <https://github.com/merwanroudane/qqcaus>

parula_colors	<i>MATLAB-style colour palettes for mqqcause</i>
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Description

Colour palettes used by mqqcause plotting functions. The default scale is MATLAB Parula.

Usage

```
parula_colors(n = 256)
matlab_jet_colors(n = 256)
turbo_colors(n = 256)
bluered_colors(n = 256)
sinha_colors(n = 256)
mqqcause_palette(cols, n_breaks = 32)
resolve_colorscale(name = "Parula", n_breaks = 32)
mqqcause_colorscales(show_preview = TRUE)
```

Arguments

n	Number of colours.
cols	Character vector of hex colours.
n_breaks	Stops for the plotly list.
name	Scale name (Parula by default).
show_preview	Print descriptions.

Value

Character vector or list.

Examples

```
parula_colors(8)
matlab_jet_colors(8)
turbo_colors(8)
bluered_colors(8)
sinha_colors(8)
mqqcause_colorscales(show_preview = FALSE)
```

plot_qq_causality_3d *Visualisations for QQ Causality Results*

Description

3D surface, heatmap, contour and significance-only heatmap visualisations of QQ Granger-causality results, defaulting to MATLAB Parula.

Usage

```
plot_qq_causality_3d(qq_result, value = "t_value",
                    colorscale = "Parula", show_contour = TRUE,
                    x_label = "X Quantile (tau)",
                    y_label = "Y Quantile (theta)", title = NULL)

plot_qq_causality_heatmap(qq_result, value = "t_value",
                          colorscale = "Parula", show_stars = TRUE,
                          x_label = "X Quantile (tau)",
                          y_label = "Y Quantile (theta)", title = NULL)

plot_qq_causality_contour(qq_result, value = "t_value",
                          colorscale = "Parula",
                          x_label = "X Quantile (tau)",
                          y_label = "Y Quantile (theta)", title = NULL)

plot_significance_heatmap(qq_result, colorscale = "Parula")
```

Arguments

qq_result A qq_causality or mqq_causality object.
 value Column to plot.
 colorscale Default "Parula".
 show_contour, show_stars, x_label, y_label, title
 Plot options.

Value

A plotly object.

Examples

```
## Small toy example -- auto-tested.
set.seed(1); n <- 80
x <- rnorm(n); y <- 0.3 * c(0, x[-n]) + rnorm(n, sd = 0.4)
fit <- qq_causality(x, y,
  y_quantiles = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75),
  x_quantiles = c(0.25, 0.5, 0.75),
  n_boot = 10, verbose = FALSE)
p1 <- plot_qq_causality_heatmap(fit, value = "t_value", show_stars = TRUE)
p2 <- plot_qq_causality_3d(fit, value = "t_value")
p3 <- plot_qq_causality_contour(fit, value = "t_value")
p4 <- plot_significance_heatmap(fit)
```

 qq_causality

Quantile-on-Quantile Granger Causality (Bivariate and Multivariate)

Description

Tests whether the tau-quantile of x_{t-1} Granger-causes the theta-quantile of y_t . The multivariate variant conditions on a set of moderators Z and optional $x \cdot Z$ interaction terms (the conditional-causality test that under-pins Sinha et al., 2024).

Usage

```
qq_causality(x, y,
  y_quantiles = seq(0.05, 0.95, by = 0.05),
  x_quantiles = seq(0.05, 0.95, by = 0.05),
  bandwidth = 0.05, n_boot = 200,
  cdf_based_kernel = TRUE,
  cause_name = "X", effect_name = "Y",
  verbose = TRUE, seed = 42)

mqq_causality(x, y, moderators = list(),
  y_quantiles = seq(0.05, 0.95, by = 0.05),
  x_quantiles = seq(0.05, 0.95, by = 0.05),
```



```

n_boot = 30, verbose = FALSE)
print(fit)
sup_wald(fit)

```

qq_weights

Numerical building blocks

Description

Gaussian kernel, QQ weights, and weighted quantile regression via `quantreg::rq.wfit`. Exposed for advanced users.

Usage

```

qq_weights(x, tau, h = 0.05, cdf_based = TRUE)
gaussian_kernel(u)
weighted_qr(y, X, tau, weights = NULL)

```

Arguments

x, y, u	Numeric vectors.
X	Numeric design matrix.
tau	Quantile in (0, 1).
h	Bandwidth.
cdf_based	Use empirical-CDF distance kernel.
weights	Optional numeric weights.

Value

Numeric vector or list.

Examples

```

set.seed(1)
x <- rnorm(50)
w <- qq_weights(x, tau = 0.5)
sum(w) # weights sum to length(x)
k <- gaussian_kernel(seq(-3, 3, by = 1))
X <- cbind(1, x)
y <- 0.5 * x + rnorm(50, sd = 0.3)
fit <- weighted_qr(y, X, tau = 0.5, weights = w)
fit$coef

```

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