

Modeling

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Tim Bergsma

1 Purpose

This script runs NONMEM models and diagnostics for sample phase1 data.

2 Model Development

2.1 Set up for NONMEM run.

Listing 1:

```
> #Be sure to set directory to the script directory that contains this file.
> library(metrumrg)
> #command <- '/opt/NONMEM/nm72/nmqual/autolog.pl'
> cat.cov='SEX'
> cont.cov=c('HEIGHT','WEIGHT','AGE')
> par.list=c('CL','Q','KA','V','V2','V3')
> eta.list=paste('ETA',1:10,sep='')
```

2.2 Run NONMEM.

Listing 2:

```
> NONR72(
+   run=1001:1005,                                     # 5 models, ctl pre-written
+   #command=command,                                    # this version will search for NONMEM
+   project='../../nonmem',                             # must specify, unless ctl in getwd()
+   grid=TRUE,                                         # set to FALSE for better error
+   messaging (but slower)                            # don't delete subversioned
+   nice=TRUE,                                         # TRUE auto-replaces conflicting run
+   directories                                       # see help for following
+   checkrunno=FALSE,                                  # separate diagnostic plots for each
+   numbers                                           level of SEX
+   cont.cov=cont.cov,                                 # use these instead of 0, 1, when
+   cat.cov=cat.cov,                                   plotting by SEX
+   par.list=par.list,                                 # also show diagnostics with groups
+   eta.list=eta.list,                                # use the run dir and run name for the
+   grp='SEX',                                         # expect the control streams here, not
+   level of SEX                                      locally
+ )
```

Installing SIGCHLD signal handler...Done.

Listing 3:

```
> progress(1001:1005,project='../../nonmem')
```

queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
3	0	0	2	0

Listing 4:

```
> follow(1001:1005,project='../../nonmem')
```

queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
3	0	0	2	0
0	3	2	0	0
0	0	3	2	0
0	0	2	3	0
0	0	0	5	0

Listing 5:

```
> Sys.sleep(10) #wait briefly to ensure all processes complete
```

Covariance succeeded on model 1005. We confirm that we can get similar results with different initial estimates.

Listing 6:

```
> getwd()
[1] "/data/metrumrg/inst/example/project/script"
```

Listing 7:

```
> ctl <- read.nmctl('~/nonmem/1005/1005.ctl',parse=TRUE)
> names(ctl)
```

```
[1] "prob"      "input"     "data"      "subroutine" "pk"
[6] "error"     "theta"     "omega"     "sigma"      "estimation"
[11] "cov"       "table"    "table"
```

Listing 8:

```
> ctl$theta[] <- lapply(ctl$theta,`comment<-`,value=NULL)
> writeLines(format(ctl$theta))
```

```
;
(0,10,50)
(0,10,100)
(0,0.2,5)
(0,10,50)
(0,100,1000)
(0,1,2)
(0,0.75,3)
```

Listing 9:

```
> set.seed(0)
> ctl$theta <- tweak(ctl$theta)
> writeLines(format(ctl$theta))
```

```
;
(0,11.6,50)
(0,9.58,100)
(0,0.235,5)
(0,11.7,50)
(0,105,1000)
(0,0.8,2)
(0,0.659,3)
```

Listing 10:

```
> ctl$prob
[1] "1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3"
```

Listing 11:

```
> ctl$prob <- '1006 like 1005 with tweaked initial estimates'
```

We request some variants of PRED and CWRES.

Listing 12:

```
> ctl[[12]]
[1] "NOPRINT FILE=../1005.tab ONEHEADER ID AMT TIME EVID PRED IPRE CWRES"
```

Listing 13:

```
> preds <- c('NPRED','CPRED','CPREDI','EPRED')
> res <- c('RES','NRES','NWRES','CRES','RESI','WRESI','CRESI','CWRESI','ERES',
    'EWRES','ECWRES')
> ctl[[12]] <- c(ctl[[12]],preds, res)
```

Listing 14:

```
> write.nmctl(ctl,file='../../nonmem/ctl/1006.ctl')
> NONR72(
```

```

+      run=1006,
+      project='../../nonmem',
+      grid=TRUE,
+      nice=TRUE,
+      mode='para',                      # For illustrative purposes, we
parallelize this run.
+      pe='orte 16',                     # orte is the parallelization
environment; we use 16 cores.
+      checkrunno=TRUE,                  # default
+      diag=TRUE,                       # default
+      streams='../../nonmem/ctl',       # software will look for 1006.pmn or
template.pmn
+      plotfile='../../nonmem/*/*.pdf'
+
> Sys.sleep(5)
> qstat()
> follow(1006,project='../../nonmem')

```

queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	1	0	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	0	1	0

Listing 15:

```
> Sys.sleep(10)
```

We can make a quick run log using some simple tools. Table 1.

Listing 16:

```

> # intentionally including a bogus run, to test effect
> # don't want the 'wide' file, just the 'long' R object
> log <- rlog(1001:1007,'../../nonmem',file=NULL)
> head(log)

```

tool	run	parameter	moment	value
1	nm7 1001	ofv	minimum	2526.39867230153
2	nm7 1001	THETA1	estimate	11.7167
3	nm7 1001	THETA1	prse	8.67
4	nm7 1001	THETA1	se	1.01628
5	nm7 1001	THETA2	estimate	14.5657
6	nm7 1001	THETA2	prse	8.67

Listing 17:

```
> tail(log)

      tool   run parameter   moment           value
299 nm7 1006 SIGMA2.2       se      0.0676642
300 nm7 1006         cov   status          0
301 nm7 1006         prob   text 1006 like 1005 with tweaked initial estimates
302 nm7 1006         min   status          0
303 nm7 1006         data filename  ../../data/derived/phasel.csv
304 nm7 1007         min   status         -1
```

Listing 18:

```
> sapply(log,class)

      tool      run parameter   moment           value
"character" "integer" "character" "character" "character"
```

Listing 19:

```
> log$tool <- NULL
> log <- log[log$run!=1007,]
> unique(log$parameter)

[1] "ofv"      "THETA1"    "THETA2"    "THETA3"    "OMEGA1.1"  "OMEGA2.1"
[7] "OMEGA2.2" "OMEGA3.1"  "OMEGA3.2"  "OMEGA3.3"  "SIGMA1.1"  "SIGMA2.1"
[13] "SIGMA2.2" "cov"        "prob"      "min"       "data"      "THETA4"
[19] "THETA5"   "OMEGA4.1"  "OMEGA4.2"  "OMEGA4.3"  "OMEGA4.4"  "OMEGA5.1"
[25] "OMEGA5.2" "OMEGA5.3"  "OMEGA5.4"  "OMEGA5.5"  "THETA6"    "THETA7"
```

Listing 20:

```
> log <- log[log$parameter %in% c('ofv','prob','cov','min'),]
> log
```

```
      run parameter   moment
1    1001      ofv minimum
38   1001      cov  status
39   1001      prob   text
40   1001      min  status
42   1002      ofv minimum
112  1002      cov  status
113  1002      prob   text
114  1002      min  status
116  1003      ofv minimum
153  1003      cov  status
154  1003      prob   text
155  1003      min  status
157  1004      ofv minimum
194  1004      cov  status
195  1004      prob   text
```

```

196 1004      min  status
198 1005      ofv  minimum
247 1005      cov   status
248 1005      prob  text
249 1005      min   status
251 1006      ofv  minimum
300 1006      cov   status
301 1006      prob  text
302 1006      min   status

                                value
1                           2526.39867230153
38                          0
39                           1001 phasel 1CMT
40                           0
42                           2525.96522290374
112                          1
113                           1002 phasel 2 CMT
114                           134
116                           2570.47417423427
153                          1
154 1003 phasel 2 CMT like 1002 but no eta on Q/v3 and no + err
155                           136
157                           2570.45022641404
194                          0
195                           1004 phasel 2 CMT like 1003 but better bounds
196                           0
198                           2405.91626347113
247                           0
248                           1005 phasel 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3
249                           0
251                           2405.91625875217
300                           0
301                           1006 like 1005 with tweaked initial estimates
302                           0

```

Listing 21:

```
> with(log, constant(moment,within=parameter)) #i.e., moment is non-informative
     here.
```

```
[1] TRUE
```

Listing 22:

```
> log <- data.frame(cast(log,run ~ parameter))
> log <- shuffle(log,'prob','run')
> log$ofv <- signif(digits=6,as.numeric(as.character(log$ofv)))
```

Table 1: Run Log

run	prob	cov	min	ofv
1001	1001 phase1 1CMT	0	0	2526.40
1002	1002 phase1 2 CMT	1	134	2525.97
1003	1003 phase1 2 CMT like 1002 but no eta on Q/v3 and no + err	1	136	2570.47
1004	1004 phase1 2 CMT like 1003 but better bounds	0	0	2570.45
1005	1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3	0	0	2405.92
1006	1006 like 1005 with tweaked initial estimates	0	0	2405.92

3 Predictive Check

3.1 Create a simulation control stream.

Convert control stream to R object.

Listing 23:

```
> ctl <- read.nmctl('..../nonmem/ctl/1005.ctl')
```

Strip comments and view.

Listing 24:

```
> ctl[] <- lapply(ctl,function(rec)sub(' *.*',' ',rec))           # read control
   stream into a list
> ctl
   text

[1] "$PROB 1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3"
[2] "$INPUT C ID TIME SEQ=DROP EVID AMT DV SUBJ HOUR TAFD TAD LDOS MDV HEIGHT WT
   SEX AGE DOSE FED"
[3] "$DATA ..../data/derived/phasel.csv IGNORE=C"
[4] "$SUBROUTINE ADVAN4 TRANS4"
[5] "$PK"
[6] " CL=THETA(1)*EXP(ETA(1)) * THETA(6)**SEX * (WT/70)**THETA(7) "
[7] " V2 =THETA(2)*EXP(ETA(2)) "
[8] " KA=THETA(3)*EXP(ETA(3)) "
[9] " Q =THETA(4) "
[10] " V3=THETA(5) "
[11] " S2=V2"
[12] " "
[13] "$ERROR"
[14] " Y=F*(1+ERR(1)) + ERR(2) "
[15] " IPRE=F"
[16] ""
[17] "$THETA"
[18] "(0,10,50)"
```

```
[19] "(0,10,100)"
[20] "(0,0.2, 5)"
[21] "(0,10,50)"
[22] "(0,100,1000)"
[23] "(0,1,2)"
[24] "(0,0.75,3)"
[25] ""
[26] "$OMEGA BLOCK(3)"
[27] ".1"
[28] ".01 .1"
[29] ".01 .01 .1"
[30] ""
[31] ""
[32] ""
[33] ""
[34] ""
[35] ""
[36] ""
[37] ""
[38] "$SIGMA 0.1 0.1"
[39] ""
[40] ""
[41] ""
[42] ""
[43] "$ESTIMATION MAXEVAL=9999 PRINT=5 NOABORT METHOD=1 INTER MSFO=./1005.msf"
[44] "$COV PRINT=E"
[45] "$TABLE NOPRINT FILE=./1005.tab ONEHEADER ID AMT TIME EVID PRED IPRE CWRES"
[46] "$TABLE NOPRINT FILE=./1005par.tab ONEHEADER ID TIME CL Q V2 V3 KA ETA1 ETA2
    ETA3"
[47] ""
[48] ""
[49] ""
[50] ""
[51] ""
[52] ""
[53] ""
[54] ""
[55] ""
[56] ""
[57] ""
[58] ""
[59] ""
[60] ""
[61] ""
[62] ""
[63] ""
```

Fix records of interest.

Listing 25:

```
> ctl$prob
  statement
[1] "1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3" # problem
```

Listing 26:

```
> ctl$prob <- sub('1005','1105',ctl$prob) # substitute new
  run number
> names(ctl)
[1] "prob"      "input"      "data"       "subroutine" "pk"
[6] "error"     "theta"      "omega"      "sigma"      "estimation"
[11] "cov"       "table"      "table"      ""
```

Listing 27:

```
> names(ctl)[names(ctl)=='theta'] <- 'msfi' # replace theta
  with final msfi
> ctl$msfi <- '.../1005/1005.msf'
> ctl$omega <- NULL # drop omega,
  sigma
> ctl$sigma <- NULL
> names(ctl)[names(ctl)=='estimation'] <- 'simulation' # simulate
  instead of estimate
> ctl$simulation <- 'ONLYSIM (1968) SUBPROBLEMS=500'
> ctl$cov <- NULL # drop covariance
  step
> ctl$table <- NULL # replace
  multiple tables with one
> ctl$table <- NULL
> ctl$table <- 'DV NOHEADER NOPRINT FILE=.../1105.tab FORWARD NOAPPEND' # only
  really need DV, save file space
> write.nmctl(ctl,'.../nonmem/ctl/1105.ctl')
```

3.2 Run the simulation.

This run makes the predictions (simulations).

Listing 28:

```
> NONR72(
+   run=1105,
+   #command=command,
+   project='.../nonmem',
+   grid=TRUE,
+   nice=TRUE,
+   diag=FALSE,
```

```
+       streams='../../nonmem/ctl'
+ )
> follow(1105,project='../../nonmem')
```

queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	0	0	1
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	0	0	1
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	1	0	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	0	1	0

Listing 29:

```
> Sys.sleep(5) # let all processes complete
```

3.3 Combine the original data and the simulation data.

Now we fetch the results and integrate them with the other data.

Listing 30:

```
> x <- superset(
+   run=1105,
+   project='../../nonmem',
+   read.output=list(read.table,header=FALSE)
+ )
> x <- x[,c('SUBJ','TIME','DV','V1','1105')]
> read.nmctl('../../nonmem/1105/1105.ctl')$simulation

[1] "ONLYSIM (1968) SUBPROBLEMS=500"
```

Listing 31:

```
> x$SIM <- rep(1:500,each=nrow(x)/500)
> colname(x) <- c(V1='PRED')
> x <- x[x$`1105`==1,]
> x$`1105` <- NULL
> head(x)
```

SUBJ	TIME	DV	PRED	SIM
2	1	0.00	.	0.00000 1
3	1	0.25	0.363	0.72558 1

```

4     1 0.50 0.914 1.38350   1
5     1 1.00 1.12 2.06760   1
6     1 2.00 2.28 3.48620   1
7     1 3.00 1.63 5.44660   1

```

Listing 32:

```

> nrow(x)
[1] 275000

```

Listing 33:

```

> str(x)
'data.frame': 275000 obs. of 5 variables:
 $ SUBJ: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ TIME: num 0 0.25 0.5 1 2 3 4 6 8 12 ...
 $ DV  : chr ". " "0.363" "0.914" "1.12" ...
 $ PRED: num 0 0.726 1.383 2.068 3.486 ...
 $ SIM : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```

Listing 34:

```

> x <- x[x$DV != '.',]
> x$DV <- as.numeric(x$DV)

```

3.4 Plot predictive checks.

3.4.1 Aggregate data within subject.

Since subjects may contribute differing numbers of observations, it may be useful to look at predictions from a subject-centric perspective. Therefore, we wish to calculate summary statistics for each subject, (observed and predicted) and then make obspred comparisons therewith.

Listing 35:

```

> head(x)
      SUBJ TIME     DV     PRED SIM
3     1 0.25 0.363 0.72558   1
4     1 0.50 0.914 1.38350   1
5     1 1.00 1.120 2.06760   1
6     1 2.00 2.280 3.48620   1
7     1 3.00 1.630 5.44660   1
8     1 4.00 2.040 2.99170   1

```

Listing 36:

```

> subject <- melt(x,measure.var=c('DV','PRED'))
> head(subject)

```

	SUBJ	TIME	SIM	variable	value
1	1	0.25	1	DV	0.363
2	1	0.50	1	DV	0.914
3	1	1.00	1	DV	1.120
4	1	2.00	1	DV	2.280
5	1	3.00	1	DV	1.630
6	1	4.00	1	DV	2.040

We are going to aggregate each subject's DV and PRED values using `cast()`. `cast()` likes an aggregation function that returns a list. We write one that grabs min med max for each subject, sim, and variable.

Listing 37:

```
> metrics <- function(x) list(min=min(x), med=median(x), max=max(x))
```

Now we cast, ignoring time.

Listing 38:

```
> subject <- data.frame(cast(subject, SUBJ + SIM + variable ~ ., fun=metrics))
> head(subject)
```

SUBJ	SIM	variable	min	med	max	
1	1	1	DV	0.363000	1.6100	3.0900
2	1	1	PRED	0.725580	3.4797	5.4466
3	1	2	DV	0.363000	1.6100	3.0900
4	1	2	PRED	-0.085238	2.2940	4.6461
5	1	3	DV	0.363000	1.6100	3.0900
6	1	3	PRED	-0.022438	4.8888	12.3760

Note that regardless of SIM, DV (observed) is constant.

Now we melt the metrics.

Listing 39:

```
> metr <- melt(subject, measure.var=c('min','med','max'), variable_name='metric')
> head(metr)
```

SUBJ	SIM	variable	metric	value
1	1	1	DV	min 0.363000
2	1	1	PRED	min 0.725580
3	1	2	DV	min 0.363000
4	1	2	PRED	min -0.085238
5	1	3	DV	min 0.363000
6	1	3	PRED	min -0.022438

Listing 40:

```
> metr$value <- reapply(
+   metr$value,
+   INDEX=metr[,c('SIM','variable','metric')],
+   FUN=sort,
```

```
+       na.last=FALSE
+ )
> metr <- data.frame(cast(metr))
> head(metr)
```

SUBJ	SIM	metric	DV	PRED
1	1	1	min	0.139 -0.615480
2	1	1	med	1.025 1.258600
3	1	1	max	2.530 2.176200
4	1	2	min	0.139 -0.351970
5	1	2	med	1.025 1.209335
6	1	2	max	2.530 2.424000

Listing 41:

```
> nrow(metr)
```

```
[1] 60000
```

Listing 42:

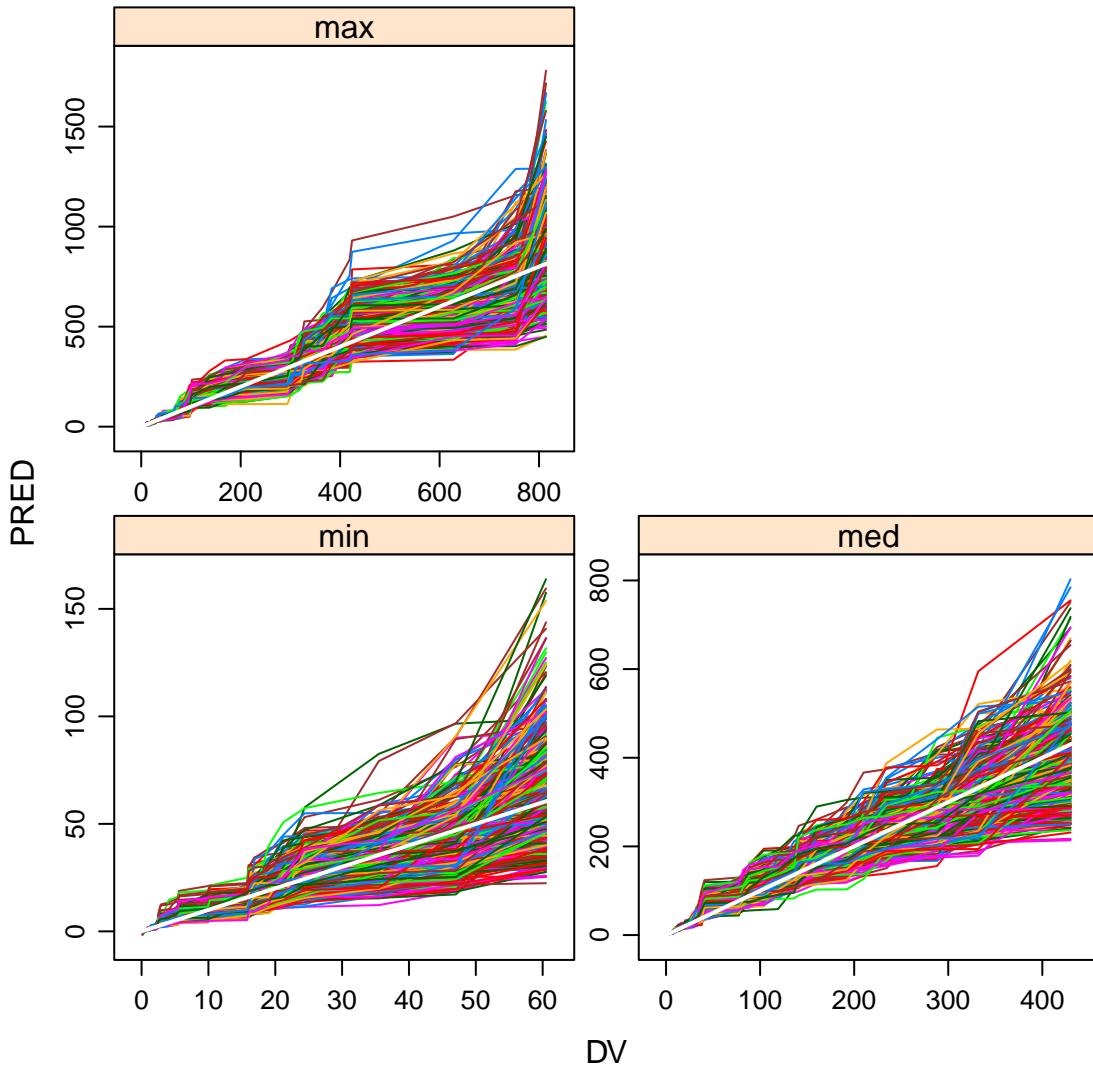
```
> metr <- metr[!is.na(metr$DV), ] #maybe no NA
> nrow(metr)
```

```
[1] 60000
```

We plot using lattice.

Listing 43:

```
> print(
+     xyplot(
+         PRED ~ DV|metric,
+         metr,
+         groups=SIM,
+         scales=list(relation='free'),
+         type='l',
+         panel=function(...){
+             panel.superpose(...)
+             panel.abline(0,1,col='white',lwd=2)
+         }
+     )
+ )
```



For detail, we show one endpoint, tossing the outer 5 percent of values, and indicating quartiles. Technically, though, one may want to calculate quartiles before trimming the data.

Listing 44:

```
> med <- metr[metr$metric=='med', ]
> med$metric <- NULL
> head(med)
```

SUBJ	SIM	DV	PRED
2	1	1.025	1.258600

```

5      1   2 1.025 1.209335
8      1   3 1.025 1.579650
11     1   4 1.025 0.884860
14     1   5 1.025 1.658650
17     1   6 1.025 0.950105

```

Listing 45:

```

> trim <- inner(med, id.var=c('SIM'), measure.var=c('PRED', 'DV'))
> head(trim)

```

```

SIM DV PRED
1   1 NA  NA
2   2 NA  NA
3   3 NA  NA
4   4 NA  NA
5   5 NA  NA
6   6 NA  NA

```

Listing 46:

```

> nrow(trim)
[1] 20000

```

Listing 47:

```

> trim <- trim[!is.na(trim$DV), ]
> nrow(trim)
[1] 19000

```

Listing 48:

```

> head(trim)

```

	SIM	DV	PRED
501	1	1.13	2.05870
502	2	1.13	2.00520
503	3	1.13	1.65485
504	4	1.13	1.06910
505	5	1.13	2.05965
506	6	1.13	0.98596

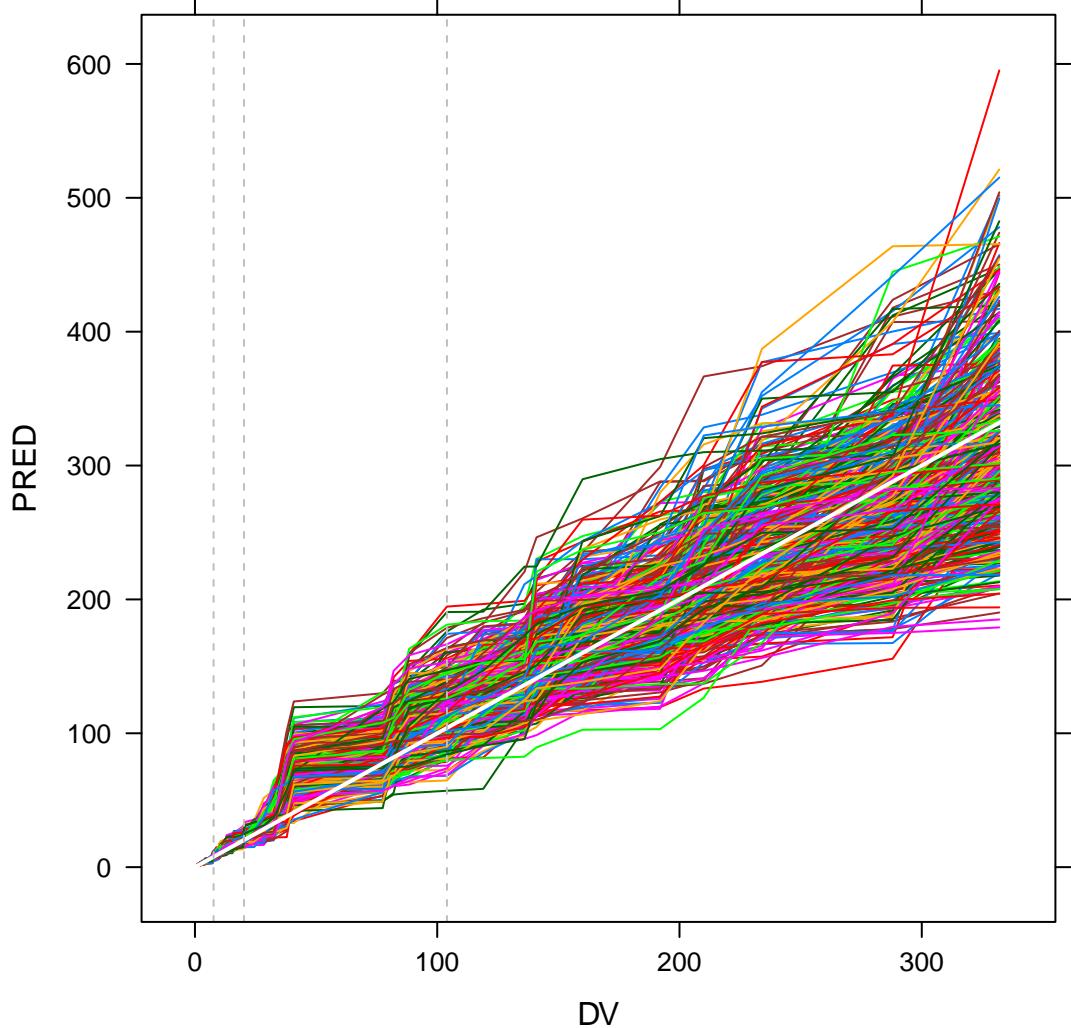
Listing 49:

```

> print(
+     xyplot(
+         PRED ~ DV,
+         trim,
+         groups=SIM,
+         type='l',

```

```
+         panel=function(x,y,...){  
+             panel.xyplot(x=x,y=y,...)  
+             panel.abline(0,1,col='white',lwd=2)  
+             panel.abline(  
+                 v=quantile(x,probs=c(0.25,0.5,0.75)),  
+                 col='grey',  
+                 lty=2  
+             )  
+         }  
+     )  
+ )
```



We also show densityplots of predictions at those quartiles.

Listing 50:

```
> head(trim)
```

	SIM	DV	PRED
501	1	1.13	2.05870
502	2	1.13	2.00520
503	3	1.13	1.65485
504	4	1.13	1.06910

```
505      5 1.13 2.05965
506      6 1.13 0.98596
```

Listing 51:

```
> quantile(trim$DV)
0%     25%     50%     75%   100%
1.13    7.69   20.25 104.00 332.00
```

Listing 52:

```
> molt <- melt(trim, id.var='SIM')
> head(molt)
```

SIM	variable	value
1	DV	1.13
2	DV	1.13
3	DV	1.13
4	DV	1.13
5	DV	1.13
6	DV	1.13

Listing 53:

```
> quart <- data.frame(cast(molt,SIM+variable ~ .,fun=quantile,probs=c
  (0.25,0.5,0.75)))
> head(quart)
```

SIM	variable	X25.	X50.	X75.
1	DV	7.95000	20.25000	100.1000
2	PRED	11.92750	22.16550	103.9625
3	DV	7.95000	20.25000	100.1000
4	PRED	7.23535	20.27100	105.2067
5	DV	7.95000	20.25000	100.1000
6	PRED	7.82700	14.50425	98.2655

Listing 54:

```
> molt <- melt(quart,id.var='variable',measure.var=c('X25.','X50.','X75.'),
  variable_name='quartile')
> head(molt)
```

variable	quartile	value
1	DV	X25. 7.95000
2	PRED	X25. 11.92750
3	DV	X25. 7.95000
4	PRED	X25. 7.23535
5	DV	X25. 7.95000
6	PRED	X25. 7.82700

Listing 55:

```
> levels(molt$quartile)
[1] "X25." "X50." "X75."
```

Listing 56:

```
> levels(molt$quartile) <- c('first quartile','second quartile','third quartile')
> head(molt)
```

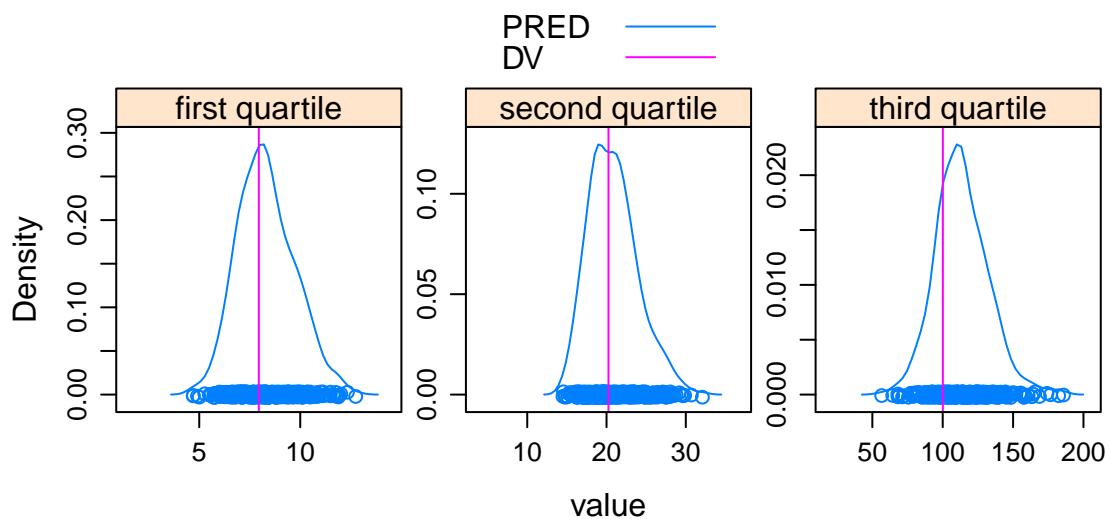
variable	quartile	value
1	DV first quartile	7.95000
2	PRED first quartile	11.92750
3	DV first quartile	7.95000
4	PRED first quartile	7.23535
5	DV first quartile	7.95000
6	PRED first quartile	7.82700

Listing 57:

```
> levels(molt$variable)
[1] "DV"     "PRED"
```

Listing 58:

```
> molt$variable <- factor(molt$variable,levels=c('PRED','DV'))
> print(
+   densityplot(
+     ~ value|quartile,
+     molt,
+     groups=variable,
+     layout=c(3,1),
+     scales=list(relation='free'),
+     aspect=1,
+     panel=panel.superpose,
+     panel.groups=function(x,...,group.number) {
+       if(group.number==1)panel.densityplot(x,...)
+       if(group.number==2)panel.abline(v=unique(x),...)
+     },
+     auto.key=TRUE
+   )
+ )
```



4 Bootstrap Estimates of Parameter Uncertainty

4.1 Create directories.

Listing 59:

```
> getwd()
```

```
[1] "/data/metrumrg/inst/example/project/script"
```

Listing 60:

```
> dir.create('../nonmem/1005boot')
> dir.create('../nonmem/1005bootdata')
> dir.create('../nonmem/1005bootctl')
```

4.2 Create replicate control streams.

Listing 61:

```
> ctl <- clear(readLines('../nonmem/ctl/1005.ctl'),';.+',fixed=FALSE)
> #ctl <- read.nmctl('../nonmem/1005/1005.ctl')
> ctl <- as.nmctl(ctl)
> names(ctl)

[1] "prob"      "input"      "data"       "subroutine" "pk"
[6] "error"     "theta"      "omega"     "sigma"      "estimation"
[11] "cov"        "table"      "table"
```

Listing 62:

```
> ctl$cov <- NULL
> ctl$table <- NULL
> ctl$table <- NULL
> ctl$prob
```

```
[1] "1005 phase1 2 CMT like 1004 but diff. initial on V3"
```

Listing 63:

```
> ctl$data

[1] ".../data/derived/phasel.csv IGNORE=C"
```

Listing 64:

```
> #makes nice padded run directories like 001 instead of 1 (better directory
   sorting) to be used below
> RUN <- padded(1:300)
> invisible(
+   lapply(
+     RUN,
+     function(i,ctl){
+       ctl$prob <- sub('1005',i,ctl$prob)
+       ctl$data <- sub(
+         '.../data/derived/phasel.csv',
+         sub('\\*',i,'.../1005bootdata/*.csv'),
+         ctl$data
+       )
+       write.nmctl(ctl,file=glue('.../nonmem/1005bootctl/',i,'.ctl'))
```

```
+      },
+      ctl=ctl
+    )
+ )
```

4.3 Create replicate data sets by resampling original.

Listing 65:

```
> bootset <- read.csv('../data/derived/phase1.csv')
> r <- resample(
+   bootset,
+   names=RUN,
+   key='ID',
+   rekey=TRUE,
+   out='../nonmem/1005bootdata',
+   stratify='SEX'
+ )
```

4.4 Run bootstrap models.

Listing 66:

```
> #intentionally trying a non-existent run ... 1 should be 001 per above.
> #Parentheses force display of invisible NONR result.
> (NONR72(
+   run=1,
+   wait=FALSE,
+   grid=TRUE,
+   project='../nonmem/1005boot',
+   streams='../nonmem/1005bootctl'
+ ))
```

[1]
[1] "../nonmem/1005bootctl/1.ctl not found"

Listing 67:

```
> NONR72(
+   run=RUN,
+   wait=FALSE,
+   grid=TRUE,
+   project='../nonmem/1005boot',
+   streams='../nonmem/1005bootctl'
+ )
> qstat()
> follow(RUN,project='../nonmem/1005boot')
```

queued	compiled	running	done	ineterminate
140	41	35	84	0

queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
125	27	30	117	1
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
89	48	16	147	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
65	53	22	157	3
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
60	40	29	171	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
37	36	30	197	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
15	43	20	222	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
1	38	21	240	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	17	24	259	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	11	289	0
queued	compiled	running	done	indeterminate
0	0	0	300	0

Listing 68:

```

> Sys.sleep(5)
> boot <- rlog(
+   run=RUN,
+   project='../../nonmem/1005boot',
+   append=FALSE,
+   tool='nm7',
+   file=NULL
+ )
> write.csv(boot, ' ../../nonmem/1005bootlog.csv')

```

5 File Disposition

Predictive checks and bootstraps make huge files that need not be retained.

Listing 69:

```

> unlink(' ../../nonmem/1105', recursive=TRUE)
> unlink(' ../../nonmem/1005boot', recursive=TRUE)
> unlink(' ../../nonmem/1005bootdata', recursive=TRUE)
> unlink(' ../../nonmem/1005bootctl', recursive=TRUE)

```