

# Package ‘mcmc’

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**Title** Manipulate MCMC Samples

**Version** 0.4.0

**Description** Functions and classes to store, manipulate and summarise Monte Carlo Markov Chain (MCMC) samples. For more information see Brooks et al. (2011) <isbn:978-1-4200-7941-8>.

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**BugReports** <https://github.com/poissonconsulting/mcmc/issues>

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as.mcarray . . . . .	3
as.mcmc.mcarray . . . . .	4
as.mcmc.mcmc . . . . .	5
as.mcmc.mcmcarray . . . . .	6
as.mcmc.mcmcr . . . . .	6
as.mcmcarray . . . . .	7
as.mcmcr . . . . .	8
as.mcmers . . . . .	9
as_nlist.mcmcr . . . . .	10
as_nlits.mcmc.list . . . . .	10
as_nlits.mcmcr . . . . .	11
bind_chains.mcarray . . . . .	12
bind_chains.mcmc . . . . .	12
bind_chains.mcmc.list . . . . .	13
bind_chains.mcmcarray . . . . .	13
bind_chains.mcmcr . . . . .	14
bind_dimensions . . . . .	14
bind_dimensions_n . . . . .	15
bind_parameters . . . . .	15
check_mcmcarray . . . . .	16
check_mcmcr . . . . .	16
chk_mcmcr . . . . .	17
coef . . . . .	18
collapse_chains.mcmcr . . . . .	19
combine_dimensions . . . . .	19
combine_samples . . . . .	20
combine_samples_n . . . . .	20
converged.default . . . . .	21
converged.mcmers . . . . .	22
esr.mcarray . . . . .	23
esr.mcmc . . . . .	24
esr.mcmc.list . . . . .	25
esr.mcmcarray . . . . .	26
esr.mcmcr . . . . .	27
esr.mcmers . . . . .	28
ess . . . . .	29
estimates.mcarray . . . . .	29
estimates.mcmc . . . . .	30
estimates.mcmc.list . . . . .	30
estimates.mcmcarray . . . . .	31
estimates.mcmcr . . . . .	31
fill_all.mcarray . . . . .	32
fill_all.mcmcarray . . . . .	33
fill_all.mcmcr . . . . .	34
is.mcarray . . . . .	35
is.mcmcarray . . . . .	36
is.mcmcr . . . . .	36
is.mcmers . . . . .	37
mcmcarray-object . . . . .	37
mcmcr-object . . . . .	38

mcmc_rs . . . . .	38
mcmc_rs-object . . . . .	39
mcmc_r_example . . . . .	39
mcmc_aperm . . . . .	40
mcmc_map . . . . .	40
nchains.mcarray . . . . .	41
nchains.mcmcarray . . . . .	41
nchains.mcmc_r . . . . .	42
nchains.mcmc_rs . . . . .	42
niters.mcarray . . . . .	43
niters.mcmcarray . . . . .	43
niters.mcmc_r . . . . .	44
niters.mcmc_rs . . . . .	44
npars.mcarray . . . . .	45
npars.mcmcarray . . . . .	45
npars.mcmc_r . . . . .	46
npdims.mcmcarray . . . . .	47
npdims.mcmc_r . . . . .	47
nterms.mcmcarray . . . . .	48
nterms.mcmc_r . . . . .	48
nterms.mcmc_rs . . . . .	49
params . . . . .	49
pars.mcmc_r . . . . .	50
pars.mcmc_rs . . . . .	50
pdims.mcarray . . . . .	51
pdims.mcmcarray . . . . .	52
pdims.mcmc_r . . . . .	52
rhat.mcarray . . . . .	53
rhat.mcmc . . . . .	54
rhat.mcmc.list . . . . .	55
rhat.mcmcarray . . . . .	56
rhat.mcmc_r . . . . .	57
rhat.mcmc_rs . . . . .	58
set_pars.mcmc_r . . . . .	59
set_pars.mcmc_rs . . . . .	59
split_chains.mcmcarray . . . . .	60
split_chains.mcmc_r . . . . .	61
subset . . . . .	61
tidy.mcmc.mcmc_r . . . . .	62
vld_mcmc_r . . . . .	63
zero . . . . .	64

**Index****66**

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**as.mcarray***Coerce to an mcarray object*

---

**Description**

Coerces MCMC objects to an mcarray object.

**Usage**

```
as.mcarray(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'list'
as.mcmcr(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                    object to coerce.  
...                    Unused.

**Methods (by class)**

- list: Convert a list of uniquely named objects that can be coerced to [mcarray-object]s to an mcmcr object

**Examples**

```
as.mcarray(mcmcr_example$beta)
```

**as.mcmc.mcarray**      *Markov Chain Monte Carlo Objects*

**Description**

The function `mcmc` is used to create a Markov Chain Monte Carlo object. The input data are taken to be a vector, or a matrix with one column per variable.

If the optional arguments `start`, `end`, and `thin` are omitted then the chain is assumed to start with iteration 1 and have thinning interval 1. If data represents a chain that starts at a later iteration, the first iteration in the chain should be given as the `start` argument. Likewise, if data represents a chain that has already been thinned, the thinning interval should be given as the `thin` argument.

An `mcmc` object may be summarized by the `summary` function and visualized with the `plot` function.

MCMC objects resemble time series (`ts`) objects and have methods for the generic functions `time`, `start`, `end`, `frequency` and `window`.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
as.mcmc(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x                    An object that may be coerced to an `mcmc` object  
...                    Further arguments to be passed to specific methods

**Author(s)**

Martyn Plummer

**See Also**

[mcmc.list](#), [mcmcUpgrade](#), [thin](#), [window.mcmc](#), [summary.mcmc](#), [plot.mcmc](#).

---

as.mcmc.mcmc

*Markov Chain Monte Carlo Objects*

---

**Description**

The function `mcmc` is used to create a Markov Chain Monte Carlo object. The input data are taken to be a vector, or a matrix with one column per variable.

If the optional arguments `start`, `end`, and `thin` are omitted then the chain is assumed to start with iteration 1 and have thinning interval 1. If data represents a chain that starts at a later iteration, the first iteration in the chain should be given as the `start` argument. Likewise, if data represents a chain that has already been thinned, the thinning interval should be given as the `thin` argument.

An `mcmc` object may be summarized by the `summary` function and visualized with the `plot` function.

MCMC objects resemble time series (`ts`) objects and have methods for the generic functions `time`, `start`, `end`, `frequency` and `window`.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'  
as.mcmc(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <code>x</code>   | An object that may be coerced to an <code>mcmc</code> object |
| <code>...</code> | Further arguments to be passed to specific methods           |

**Author(s)**

Martyn Plummer

**See Also**

[mcmc.list](#), [mcmcUpgrade](#), [thin](#), [window.mcmc](#), [summary.mcmc](#), [plot.mcmc](#).

`as.mcmc.mcmcarray`*Markov Chain Monte Carlo Objects*

## Description

The function `mcmc` is used to create a Markov Chain Monte Carlo object. The input data are taken to be a vector, or a matrix with one column per variable.

If the optional arguments `start`, `end`, and `thin` are omitted then the chain is assumed to start with iteration 1 and have thinning interval 1. If data represents a chain that starts at a later iteration, the first iteration in the chain should be given as the `start` argument. Likewise, if data represents a chain that has already been thinned, the thinning interval should be given as the `thin` argument.

An `mcmc` object may be summarized by the `summary` function and visualized with the `plot` function.

MCMC objects resemble time series (`ts`) objects and have methods for the generic functions `time`, `start`, `end`, `frequency` and `window`.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
as.mcmc(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <code>x</code>   | An object that may be coerced to an <code>mcmc</code> object |
| <code>...</code> | Further arguments to be passed to specific methods           |

## Author(s)

Martyn Plummer

## See Also

[mcmc.list](#), [mcmcUpgrade](#), [thin](#), [window.mcmc](#), [summary.mcmc](#), [plot.mcmc](#).

`as.mcmc.mcmc`*Markov Chain Monte Carlo Objects*

## Description

The function `mcmc` is used to create a Markov Chain Monte Carlo object. The input data are taken to be a vector, or a matrix with one column per variable.

If the optional arguments `start`, `end`, and `thin` are omitted then the chain is assumed to start with iteration 1 and have thinning interval 1. If data represents a chain that starts at a later iteration, the first iteration in the chain should be given as the `start` argument. Likewise, if data represents a chain that has already been thinned, the thinning interval should be given as the `thin` argument.

An `mcmc` object may be summarized by the `summary` function and visualized with the `plot` function.

MCMC objects resemble time series (`ts`) objects and have methods for the generic functions `time`, `start`, `end`, `frequency` and `window`.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
as.mcmc(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |     |  |
|-----|--|
| x   | An object that may be coerced to an mcmc object    |
| ... | Further arguments to be passed to specific methods |

**Author(s)**

Martyn Plummer

**See Also**

[mcmc.list](#), [mcmcUpgrade](#), [thin](#), [window.mcmc](#), [summary.mcmc](#), [plot.mcmc](#).

---

as.mcmcarray

*Coerce to an mcmcarray object*

---

**Description**

Coerces MCMC objects to an [mcmcarray-object\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
as.mcmcarray(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |     |                   |
|-----|-------------------|
| x   | object to coerce. |
| ... | Unused.           |

**Examples**

```
as.mcmcarray(as.mcarrray(mcmc_r_example$beta))
```

---

`as.mcmcr`*Convert to an mcmcr Object*

---

**Description**

Converts an MCMC object to an [mcmcr-object\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
as.mcmcr(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
as.mcmcr(x, name = "par", ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
as.mcmcr(x, name = "par", ...)

## S3 method for class 'nlist'
as.mcmcr(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'nlists'
as.mcmcr(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
as.mcmcr(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmc.list'
as.mcmcr(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmcrs'
as.mcmcr(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An MCMC object.
<code>...</code>	Unused.
<code>name</code>	A string specifying the parameter name.

**Value**

An mcmcr object.

**Methods (by class)**

- `mcarray`: Convert an mcarray object to an mcmcr object
- `mcmcarray`: Convert an [mcmcarray-object\(\)](#) to an mcmcr object
- `nlist`: Convert an [nlist::nlist-object\(\)](#) to an mcmcr object
- `nlists`: Convert an [nlist::nlists-object\(\)](#) to an mcmcr object
- `mcmc`: Convert an [coda::mcmc\(\)](#) object to an mcmcr object
- `mcmc.list`: Convert an [coda::mcmc.list\(\)](#) object to an mcmcr object
- `mcmcrs`: Convert an [mcmcrs-object\(\)](#) to an mcmcr object

## Examples

```
mcmc.list <- coda::as.mcmc.list(mcmc::mcmc_example)
as.mcmc_rs(mcmc.list)
```

---

as.mcmc\_rs

*Convert to an mcmc\_rs object*

---

## Description

Converts an MCMC object to an [mcmc\\_rs-object\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
as.mcmc_rs(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'list'
as.mcmc_rs(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
as.mcmc_rs(x, name = "mcmc1", ...)
```

## Arguments

- |      |                                       |
|------|---------------------------------------|
| x    | An MCMC object.                       |
| ...  | Unused.                               |
| name | A string specifying the element name. |

## Value

An mcmc\_rs object.

## Methods (by class)

- **list:** Convert a list of [mcmc-object]s to an mcmc\_rs object
- **mcmc:** Convert an [mcmc-object\(\)](#) to an mcmc\_rs object

## Examples

```
as.mcmc_rs(mcmc::mcmc_example)
```

`as_nlist.mcmc`      *Coerce to nlist*

### Description

Coerce an R object to an [nlist\\_object\(\)](#).

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
as_nlist(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
...	Unused.

### Value

An nlist object.

### Methods (by class)

- `numeric`: Coerce named numeric vector to nlist
- `list`: Coerce list to nlist
- `data.frame`: Coerce data.frame to nlist
- `mcmc`: Coerce mcmc (with one iteration) to nlist
- `mcmc.list`: Coerce mcmc.list (with one iteration) to nlist

### Examples

```
as_nlist(list(x = 1:4))
as_nlist(c(`a[2]` = 3, `a[1]` = 2))
```

`as_nlists.mcmc.list`      *Coerce to nlists*

### Description

Coerce an R object to an [nlists\\_object\(\)](#).

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc.list'
as_nlists(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
...	Unused.

**Value**

An nlists object.

**Methods (by class)**

- `list`: Coerce list to nlists
- `mcmc`: Coerce mcmc to nlists
- `nlist`: Coerce nlist to nlists

**Examples**

```
as_nlists(list(nlist(x = c(1, 5)), nlist(x = c(2, 3)), nlist(x = c(3, 2))))
```

---

as\_nlists.mcmc

*Coerce to nlists*

---

**Description**

Coerce an R object to an [nlists\\_object\(\)](#).

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
as_nlists(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |                  |            |
|------------------|------------|
| <code>x</code>   | An object. |
| <code>...</code> | Unused.    |

**Value**

An nlists object.

**Methods (by class)**

- `list`: Coerce list to nlists
- `mcmc`: Coerce mcmc to nlists
- `nlist`: Coerce nlist to nlists

**Examples**

```
as_nlists(list(nlist(x = c(1, 5)), nlist(x = c(2, 3)), nlist(x = c(3, 2))))
```

`bind_chains.mcarray`    *Bind by Chains.*

### Description

Binds two MCMC objects (with the same parameters and iterations) by chains.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
bind_chains(x, x2, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>x2</code>	A second object.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

The combined object.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

`bind_chains.mcmc`    *Bind by Chains.*

### Description

Binds two MCMC objects (with the same parameters and iterations) by chains.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
bind_chains(x, x2, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>x2</code>	A second object.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

The combined object.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

---

bind\_chains.mcmc.list *Bind by Chains.*

---

### Description

Binds two MCMC objects (with the same parameters and iterations) by chains.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc.list'  
bind_chains(x, x2, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
x2	A second object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

The combined object.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

---

---

bind\_chains.mcmcarray *Bind by Chains.*

---

### Description

Binds two MCMC objects (with the same parameters and iterations) by chains.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
bind_chains(x, x2, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
x2	A second object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

The combined object.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

`bind_chains.mcmc`      *Bind by Chains.*

### Description

Binds two MCMC objects (with the same parameters and iterations) by chains.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
bind_chains(x, x2, ...)
```

### Arguments

- |                  |                                    |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>   | An object.                         |
| <code>x2</code>  | A second object.                   |
| <code>...</code> | Other arguments passed to methods. |

### Value

The combined object.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

`bind_dimensions`      *Combine two MCMC objects by dimensions*

### Description

Combines multiple MCMC objects (with the same parameters, chains and iterations) by parameter dimensions.

### Usage

```
bind_dimensions(x, x2, along = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <code>x</code>     | An MCMC object.   |
| <code>x2</code>    | a second MCMC object.   |
| <code>along</code> | A count (or NULL) indicating the parameter dimension to bind along. |
| <code>...</code>   | Unused.   |

### See Also

[bind\\_dimensions\\_n\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
bind_dimensions(mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example)
```

---

bind\_dimensions\_n      *Combine multiple MCMC objects by parameter dimensions*

---

## Description

Combines multiple MCMC objects (with the same parameters, chains and iterations) by parameter dimensions.

## Usage

```
bind_dimensions_n(...)
```

## Arguments

...                one or more MCMC objects

## See Also

[bind\\_dimensions\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
bind_dimensions_n(mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example)
```

---

bind\_parameters      *Combine two MCMC object by parameters*

---

## Description

Combines two MCMC objects (with the same chains and iterations) by their parameters.

## Usage

```
bind_parameters(x, x2, ...)
```

## Arguments

x                an MCMC object  
x2                a second MCMC object  
...                unused

## Examples

```
bind_parameters(  
  subset(mcmc_r_example, pars = "sigma"),  
  subset(mcmc_r_example, pars = "beta")  
)
```

`check_mcmcarray`      **Soft-deprecated** *Check mcmcarray*

### Description

**Soft-deprecated** Check mcmcarray

### Usage

```
check_mcmcarray(x, x_name = substitute(x), error = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	The object to check.
<code>x_name</code>	A string of the name of the object.
<code>error</code>	A flag indicating whether to throw an informative error or immediately generate an informative message if the check fails.

### Value

An invisible copy of `x` (it if doesn't throw an error).

### Examples

```
check_mcmcarray(mcmcr::mcmcr_example$beta)
```

`check_mcmcr`      **Soft-deprecated** *Check mcmcr*

### Description

**Soft-deprecated** Check mcmcr

### Usage

```
check_mcmcr(x, sorted = FALSE, x_name = substitute(x), error = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	The object to check.
<code>sorted</code>	A flag specifying whether the parameters must be sorted.
<code>x_name</code>	A string of the name of the object.
<code>error</code>	A flag indicating whether to throw an informative error or immediately generate an informative message if the check fails.

### Value

An invisible copy of `x` (it if doesn't throw an error).

### Examples

```
check_mcmcr(mcmcr::mcmcr_example)
```

---

chk_mcmc	<i>Check MCMC Objects</i>
----------	---------------------------

---

## Description

Checks class and structure of MCMC objects.

chk\_mcmcarray checks if [mcmcarray-object\(\)](#) object using

`is.array(x) && is.numeric(x)`

chk\_mcmc checks if an [mcmc-object\(\)](#).

chk\_mcmcrs checks if an [mcmcrs-object\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
chk_mcmcarray(x, x_name = NULL)
```

```
chk_mcmc(x, x_name = NULL)
```

```
chk_mcmcrs(x, x_name = NULL)
```

## Arguments

`x` The object to check.

`x_name` A string of the name of object `x` or `NULL`.

## Details

To just check class use [chk::chk\\_s3\\_class\(\)](#).

## Value

`NULL`, invisibly. Called for the side effect of throwing an error if the condition is not met.

## Functions

- `chk_mcmcarray`: Check mcmcarray Object
- `chk_mcmc`: Check mcmc Object
- `chk_mcmcrs`: Check mcmcrs Object

## See Also

[vld\\_mcmc\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
# chk_mcmcarray
try(chk_mcmcarray(1))

# chk_mcmc
chk_mcmc(as.mcmc(list(x = 1)))
try(chk_mcmc(1))
```

```
# chk_mcmc
chk_mcmc(as.mcmc(as.mcmc(list(x = 1))))
try(chk_mcmc(1))
```

**coef***Term Coefficients*

## Description

Gets coefficients for all the terms in an MCMC object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
coef(object, conf_level = 0.95, estimate = median, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |            |  |
|------------|--|
| object     | The MCMC object to get the coefficients for                |
| conf_level | A number specifying the confidence level. By default 0.95. |
| estimate   | The function to use to calculate the estimate.             |
| ...        | Unused   |

## Value

An data frame of the coefficients with the columns indicating the term, estimate, standard deviation (sd), zscore, lower and upper credible intervals and pvalue.

## Methods (by class)

- mcmc: Get coefficients for terms in mcmc object

## See Also

`stats::[coef][stats::coef]`

## Examples

```
coef(mcmc_r_example)
```

---

collapse\_chains.mcmc *Collapse Chains*

---

### Description

Collapses an MCMC object's chains into a single chain.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
collapse_chains(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

The modified object with one chain.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

---

combine\_dimensions *Combine Samples by Dimensions*

---

### Description

Combines MCMC object samples by dimensions along along using fun.

### Usage

```
combine_dimensions(x, fun = mean, along = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An MCMC object
fun	The function to use when combining dimensions
along	A positive integer (or NULL) indicating the parameter dimension(s) to bind along.
...	Unused

### Value

The MCMC object with reduced dimensions.

### Examples

```
combine_dimensions(mcmc_r_example$alpha)
```

`combine_samples`      *Combine MCMC Samples of Two Objects*

### Description

Combines samples of two MCMC objects (with the same parameters, chains and iterations) using a function.

### Usage

```
combine_samples(x, x2, fun = mean, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	An MCMC object.
<code>x2</code>	A second MCMC object.
<code>fun</code>	The function to use to combine the samples. The function must return a scalar.
<code>...</code>	Unused.

### Value

The combined samples as an MCMC object with the same parameters, chains and iterations as the original objects.

### Examples

```
combine_samples(mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example, fun = sum)
```

`combine_samples_n`      *Combine MCMC Samples of multiple objects*

### Description

Combines samples of multiple MCMC objects (with the same parameters, chains and iterations) using a function.

### Usage

```
combine_samples_n(x, ..., fun = mean)
```

### Arguments

<code>x</code>	An MCMC object (or a list of mcmc objects).
<code>...</code>	Additional MCMC objects.
<code>fun</code>	A function.

### Examples

```
combine_samples_n(mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example, fun = sum)
```

---

converged.default	<i>Converged</i>
-------------------	------------------

---

## Description

Tests whether an object has converged.

## Usage

```
## Default S3 method:  
converged(  
  x,  
  rhat = 1.1,  
  esr = 0.33,  
  by = "all",  
  as_df = FALSE,  
  na_rm = FALSE,  
  ...  
)
```

## Arguments

x	An object.
rhat	The maximum rhat value.
esr	The minimum effective sampling rate.
by	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
as_df	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
na_rm	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Value

A logical scalar indicating whether the object has converged.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#), [rhat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
converged(mcmc_r_example)
```

converged.mcmcbs	<i>Converged</i>
------------------	------------------

## Description

Tests whether an object has converged.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcbs'
converged(
  x,
  rhat = 1.1,
  esr = 0.33,
  by = "all",
  as_df = FALSE,
  bound = FALSE,
  na_rm = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>rhat</code>	The maximum rhat value.
<code>esr</code>	The minimum effective sampling rate.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>bound</code>	flag specifying whether to bind mcmcbs objects by their chains before calculating rhat.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Value

A logical scalar indicating whether the object has converged.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#), [rhat\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
converged(mcmcbs(mcmcbs_example, mcmcbs_example))
converged(mcmcbs(mcmcbs_example, mcmcbs_example), bound = TRUE)
```

<code>esr.mcarray</code>	<i>Effective Sampling Rate</i>
--------------------------	--------------------------------

## Description

Calculates the effective sampling rate (`esr`).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
esr(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default

$$\frac{1}{1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \rho_k(\theta)}$$

from Brooks et al. (2011) where the infinite sum is truncated at lag  $k$  when  $\rho_{k+1}(\theta) < 0$ .

## Value

A number between 0 and 1 indicating the esr value.

## References

Brooks, S., Gelman, A., Jones, G.L., and Meng, X.-L. (Editors). 2011. Handbook for Markov Chain Monte Carlo. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.

## See Also

Other convergence: `converged_pars()`, `converged_terms()`, `converged()`, `esr_pars()`, `esr_terms()`, `rhat_pars()`, `rhat_terms()`, `rhat()`

**esr.mcmc***Effective Sampling Rate*

## Description

Calculates the effective sampling rate (esr).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
esr(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default

$$\frac{1}{1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \rho_k(\theta)}$$

from Brooks et al. (2011) where the infinite sum is truncated at lag  $k$  when  $\rho_{k+1}(\theta) < 0$ .

## Value

A number between 0 and 1 indicating the esr value.

## References

Brooks, S., Gelman, A., Jones, G.L., and Meng, X.-L. (Editors). 2011. Handbook for Markov Chain Monte Carlo. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [converged\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#), [rhat\(\)](#)

<code>esr.mcmc.list</code>	<i>Effective Sampling Rate</i>
----------------------------	--------------------------------

## Description

Calculates the effective sampling rate (`esr`).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc.list'
esr(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default

$$\frac{1}{1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \rho_k(\theta)}$$

from Brooks et al. (2011) where the infinite sum is truncated at lag  $k$  when  $\rho_{k+1}(\theta) < 0$ .

## Value

A number between 0 and 1 indicating the esr value.

## References

Brooks, S., Gelman, A., Jones, G.L., and Meng, X.-L. (Editors). 2011. Handbook for Markov Chain Monte Carlo. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.

## See Also

Other convergence: `converged_pars()`, `converged_terms()`, `converged()`, `esr_pars()`, `esr_terms()`, `rhat_pars()`, `rhat_terms()`, `rhat()`

`esr.mcmcarray`      *Effective Sampling Rate*

## Description

Calculates the effective sampling rate (`esr`).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
esr(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default

$$\frac{1}{1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \rho_k(\theta)}$$

from Brooks et al. (2011) where the infinite sum is truncated at lag  $k$  when  $\rho_{k+1}(\theta) < 0$ .

## Value

A number between 0 and 1 indicating the esr value.

## References

Brooks, S., Gelman, A., Jones, G.L., and Meng, X.-L. (Editors). 2011. Handbook for Markov Chain Monte Carlo. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.

## See Also

Other convergence: `converged_pars()`, `converged_terms()`, `converged()`, `esr_pars()`, `esr_terms()`, `rhat_pars()`, `rhat_terms()`, `rhat()`

**esr.mcmc***Effective Sampling Rate*

## Description

Calculates the effective sampling rate (`esr`).

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
esr(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default

$$\frac{1}{1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \rho_k(\theta)}$$

from Brooks et al. (2011) where the infinite sum is truncated at lag  $k$  when  $\rho_{k+1}(\theta) < 0$ .

## Value

A number between 0 and 1 indicating the esr value.

## References

Brooks, S., Gelman, A., Jones, G.L., and Meng, X.-L. (Editors). 2011. Handbook for Markov Chain Monte Carlo. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.

## See Also

Other convergence: `converged_pars()`, `converged_terms()`, `converged()`, `esr_pars()`, `esr_terms()`, `rhat_pars()`, `rhat_terms()`, `rhat()`

## Examples

```
esr(mcmc_example)
```

**esr.mcmcres***Effective Sampling Rate***Description**

Calculates the effective sampling rate (**esr**).

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcres'
esr(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<b>x</b>	An object.
<b>by</b>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<b>as_df</b>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<b>na_rm</b>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<b>...</b>	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Details**

By default

$$\frac{1}{1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \rho_k(\theta)}$$

from Brooks et al. (2011) where the infinite sum is truncated at lag  $k$  when  $\rho_{k+1}(\theta) < 0$ .

**Value**

A number between 0 and 1 indicating the esr value.

**References**

Brooks, S., Gelman, A., Jones, G.L., and Meng, X.-L. (Editors). 2011. Handbook for Markov Chain Monte Carlo. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.

**See Also**

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [converged\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#), [rhat\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
esr(mcmcres(mcmcr_example, mcmcr_example))
```

---

ess	<i>P-Value Effective Sample Size</i>
-----	--------------------------------------

---

## Description

Calculates the effective sample size based on [esr\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
ess(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

- |       |   |
|-------|---|
| x     | An MCMC object.   |
| by    | A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all". |
| as_df | A flag indicating whether to return the results as a data frame or list.  |

## Examples

```
ess(mcmc_r_example)
```

---

estimates.mcaray	<i>Estimates</i>
------------------	------------------

---

## Description

Calculates the estimates for an MCMC object.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcaray'  
estimates(x, fun = median, as_df = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |       |   |
|-------|---|
| x     | An object.  |
| fun   | A function that given a numeric vector returns a numeric scalar.                    |
| as_df | A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list. |
| ...   | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

## Value

A named list or data frame.

## See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

`estimates.mcmc`      *Estimates*

### Description

Calculates the estimates for an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
estimates(x, fun = median, as_df = FALSE, ...)
```

### Arguments

- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <code>x</code>     | An object.  |
| <code>fun</code>   | A function that given a numeric vector returns a numeric scalar.                    |
| <code>as_df</code> | A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list. |
| <code>...</code>   | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

### Value

A named list or data frame.

### See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

`estimates.mcmc.list`      *Estimates*

### Description

Calculates the estimates for an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc.list'
estimates(x, fun = median, as_df = FALSE, ...)
```

### Arguments

- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <code>x</code>     | An object.  |
| <code>fun</code>   | A function that given a numeric vector returns a numeric scalar.                    |
| <code>as_df</code> | A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list. |
| <code>...</code>   | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

**Value**

A named list or data frame.

**See Also**

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

---

estimates.mcmcarray     *Estimates*

---

**Description**

Calculates the estimates for an MCMC object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
estimates(x, fun = median, as_df = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |       |   |
|-------|---|
| x     | An object.  |
| fun   | A function that given a numeric vector returns a numeric scalar.                    |
| as_df | A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list. |
| ...   | Unused.   |

**Value**

A named list or data frame.

**See Also**

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

---

estimates.mcmcr     *Estimates*

---

**Description**

Calculates the estimates for an MCMC object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcr'  
estimates(x, fun = median, as_df = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>fun</code>	A function that given a numeric vector returns a numeric scalar.
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

A named list or data frame.

**See Also**

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [split\\_chains\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
estimates(mcmc_r_example)
```

**fill\_all.mcarray**      *Fill All Values***Description**

Fills all of an object's (missing and non-missing) values while preserving the object's dimensionality and class.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
fill_all(x, value = 0, nas = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>value</code>	A scalar of the value to replace values with.
<code>nas</code>	A flag specifying whether to also fill missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

The modified object.

**Methods (by class)**

- `logical`: Fill All for logical Objects
- `integer`: Fill All for integer Objects
- `numeric`: Fill All for numeric Objects
- `character`: Fill All for character Objects

**See Also**

Other fill: [fill\\_na\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# logical
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE))
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE, nas = FALSE))
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE, value = NA))

# integer
fill_all(matrix(1:4, nrow = 2), value = -1)

# numeric
fill_all(c(1, 4, NA), value = TRUE)
fill_all(c(1, 4, NA), value = TRUE, nas = FALSE)

# character
fill_all(c("some", "words"), value = TRUE)
```

**fill\_all.mcmcarray** *Fill All Values*

**Description**

Fills all of an object's (missing and non-missing) values while preserving the object's dimensionality and class.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
fill_all(x, value = 0, nas = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- x An object.
- value A scalar of the value to replace values with.
- nas A flag specifying whether to also fill missing values.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

The modified object.

**Methods (by class)**

- logical: Fill All for logical Objects
- integer: Fill All for integer Objects
- numeric: Fill All for numeric Objects
- character: Fill All for character Objects

**See Also**

Other fill: [fill\\_na\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# logical
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE))
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE, nas = FALSE))
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE, value = NA))

# integer
fill_all(matrix(1:4, nrow = 2), value = -1)

# numeric
fill_all(c(1, 4, NA), value = TRUE)
fill_all(c(1, 4, NA), value = TRUE, nas = FALSE)

# character
fill_all(c("some", "words"), value = TRUE)
```

**fill\_all.mcmc**

*Fill All Values*

**Description**

Fills all of an object's (missing and non-missing) values while preserving the object's dimensionality and class.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
fill_all(x, value = 0, nas = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- x An object.
- value A scalar of the value to replace values with.
- nas A flag specifying whether to also fill missing values.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

The modified object.

**Methods (by class)**

- logical: Fill All for logical Objects
- integer: Fill All for integer Objects
- numeric: Fill All for numeric Objects
- character: Fill All for character Objects

**See Also**

Other fill: [fill\\_na\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# logical  
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE))  
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE, nas = FALSE))  
fill_all(c(TRUE, NA, FALSE, value = NA))  
  
# integer  
fill_all(matrix(1:4, nrow = 2), value = -1)  
  
# numeric  
fill_all(c(1, 4, NA), value = TRUE)  
fill_all(c(1, 4, NA), value = TRUE, nas = FALSE)  
  
# character  
fill_all(c("some", "words"), value = TRUE)
```

---

**is.mcarray**

*Is mcarray Object*

---

**Description**

Tests whether an object is an mcarray.

**Usage**

```
is.mcarray(x)
```

**Arguments**

**x**                   The object to test.

**Value**

A flag indicating whether the test was positive.

**Examples**

```
is.mcarray(mcmcr_example)
```

---

`is.mcmcarray`      *Is mcmcarray Object*

---

## Description

Tests whether an object is an [mcmcarray-object\(\)](#).

## Usage

`is.mcmcarray(x)`

## Arguments

`x`      The object to test.

## Value

A flag indicating whether the test was positive.

## Examples

`is.mcmcarray(mcmc_r_example$beta)`

---

`is.mcmcarray`      *Is mcmc Object*

---

## Description

Tests whether an object is an [mcmc-object\(\)](#).

## Usage

`is.mcmc(x)`

## Arguments

`x`      The object to test.

## Value

A flag indicating whether the test was positive.

## Examples

`is.mcmc(mcmc_r_example)`

---

`is.mcmc`*Is mcmc Object*

---

## Description

Tests whether an object is an [mcmc-object\(\)](#).

## Usage

```
is.mcmc(x)
```

## Arguments

`x`                  The object to test.

## Value

A flag indicating whether the test was positive.

## Examples

```
is.mcmc(mcmc(mcmc_example))
```

---

---

`mcmcarray-object`*mcmcarray*

---

## Description

An `mcmcarray` object is an array where the first dimension is the chains, the second dimension is the iterations and the subsequent dimensions represent the dimensionality of the parameter. The name `mcmcarray` reflects the fact that the MCMC dimensions, ie the chains and iterations, precede the parameter dimensions.

## Examples

```
mcmc_example$beta
```

---

<code>mcmc-object</code>	<i>mcmc</i>
--------------------------	-------------

---

## Description

An `mcmc` object stores multiple uniquely named `mcmcarray-object()` objects with the same number of chains and iterations.

## Details

`mcmc` objects allow a set of dimensionality preserving parameters to be manipulated and queried as a whole.

## Examples

```
mcmc_example
```

---

<code>mcmc</code>	<i>Create mcmc</i>
-------------------	--------------------

---

## Description

Creates an `mcmc`-object() from multiple link{`mcmc`-object}s.

## Usage

```
mcmc(...)
```

## Arguments

... Objects of class `mcmc`.

## Value

An object of class `mcmc`

## Examples

```
mcmc(mcmc_example, mcmc_example)
```

---

`mcmc`-object      *mcmc*

---

## Description

An `mcmc` object stores multiple `mcmc-object()`s with the same parameters and the same number of chains and iterations.

## Details

`mcmc` objects allow the results of multiple analyses using the same model to be manipulated and queried as a whole.

## Examples

```
mcmc(mcmc_r_example, mcmc_r_example)
```

---

`mcmc_r_example`      *An Example mcmc Object*

---

## Description

An example `mcmc-object()` derived from `coda::[line][coda::line]`.

## Usage

```
mcmc_r_example
```

## Format

An object of class `mcmc` of length 3.

## Examples

```
mcmc_r_example
```

`mcmc_aperm`*MCMC Object Transposition***Description**

Transpose an MCMC object by permuting its parameter dimensions.

**Usage**

```
mcmc_aperm(x, perm, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| <code>x</code>    | The MCMC object to transpose.   |
| <code>perm</code> | A integer vector of the new order for the parameter dimensions. Missing parameter dimensions are added on the end. If <code>perm = NULL</code> (the default) the parameter dimensions are reversed. |
| <code>...</code>  | Unused  |

**Value**

The modified MCMC object

`mcmc_map`*MCMC Map***Description**

Adjust the sample values of an MCMC object using a function.

**Usage**

```
mcmc_map(.x, .f, .by = 1:npdims(.x), ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| <code>.x</code>  | An MCMC object  |
| <code>.f</code>  | The function to use   |
| <code>.by</code> | A positive integer vector of the dimensions to apply the function over. |
| <code>...</code> | Additional arguments passed to <code>.f</code> .                        |

**Value**

The updated MCMC object.

**Examples**

```
mcmc_map(mcmc_r_example$beta, exp)
```

---

nchains.mcarray	<i>Number of Chains</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Gets the number of chains of an MCMC object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'  
nchains(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

An integer scalar of the number of chains.

**See Also**

Other MCMC dimensions: [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

---

---

nchains.mcmcarray	<i>Number of Chains</i>
-------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Gets the number of chains of an MCMC object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
nchains(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

An integer scalar of the number of chains.

**See Also**

Other MCMC dimensions: [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

nchains.mcmc	<i>Number of Chains</i>
--------------	-------------------------

### Description

Gets the number of chains of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
nchains(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- x An object.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

An integer scalar of the number of chains.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

nchains.mcmcrs	<i>Number of Chains</i>
----------------	-------------------------

### Description

Gets the number of chains of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcrs'
nchains(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- x An object.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

An integer scalar of the number of chains.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

---

niters.mcarray	<i>Number of Iterations</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Gets the number of iterations (in a chain) of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'  
niters(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- |     |                                    |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| x   | An object.                         |
| ... | Other arguments passed to methods. |

### Value

An integer scalar of the number of iterations.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

---

---

niters.mcmcarray	<i>Number of Iterations</i>
------------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Gets the number of iterations (in a chain) of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
niters(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- |     |                                    |
|-----|------------------------------------|
| x   | An object.                         |
| ... | Other arguments passed to methods. |

### Value

An integer scalar of the number of iterations.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

---

niters.mcmc	<i>Number of Iterations</i>
-------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Gets the number of iterations (in a chain) of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
niters(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- x An object.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

An integer scalar of the number of iterations.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

---

niters.mcmcrs	<i>Number of Iterations</i>
---------------	-----------------------------

---

### Description

Gets the number of iterations (in a chain) of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcrs'
niters(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- x An object.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

An integer scalar of the number of iterations.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

---

npars.mcarray	<i>Number of Parameters</i>
---------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Gets the number of parameters of an object.

The default methods returns the length of [pars\(\)](#) if none are NA, otherwise it returns NA.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
npars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |        |   |
|--------|---|
| x      | An object.  |
| scalar | A logical scalar specifying whether to include all parameters (NULL), only scalars (TRUE) or all parameters except scalars (FALSE). |
| ...    | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

**Value**

An integer scalar of the number of parameters.

**See Also**

[pars\(\)](#)

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

Other parameters: [pars\(\)](#), [set\\_pars\(\)](#)

---

npars.mcmcarray	<i>Number of Parameters</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------

---

**Description**

Gets the number of parameters of an object.

The default methods returns the length of [pars\(\)](#) if none are NA, otherwise it returns NA.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
npars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |        |   |
|--------|---|
| x      | An object.  |
| scalar | A logical scalar specifying whether to include all parameters (NULL), only scalars (TRUE) or all parameters except scalars (FALSE). |
| ...    | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

**Value**

An integer scalar of the number of parameters.

**See Also**

[pars\(\)](#)

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

Other parameters: [pars\(\)](#), [set\\_pars\(\)](#)

**npars.mcmc**

*Number of Parameters*

**Description**

Gets the number of parameters of an object.

The default methods returns the length of [pars\(\)](#) if none are NA, otherwise it returns NA.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
npars(x, scalar = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- |                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <code>x</code>      | An object.  |
| <code>scalar</code> | A logical scalar specifying whether to include all parameters (NULL), only scalars (TRUE) or all parameters except scalars (FALSE). |
| <code>...</code>    | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

**Value**

An integer scalar of the number of parameters.

**See Also**

[pars\(\)](#)

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#), [nterms\(\)](#)

Other parameters: [pars\(\)](#), [set\\_pars\(\)](#)

---

npdims.mcmcarray	<i>Number of Parameter Dimensions</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

---

### Description

Gets the number of the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

The default methods returns the length of each element of [pdims\(\)](#) as an integer vector.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
npdims(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

A named integer vector of the number of dimensions of each parameter.

### See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [pdims\(\)](#)

---

---

npdims.mcmcr	<i>Number of Parameter Dimensions</i>
--------------	---------------------------------------

---

### Description

Gets the number of the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

The default methods returns the length of each element of [pdims\(\)](#) as an integer vector.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcr'  
npdims(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

A named integer vector of the number of dimensions of each parameter.

### See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [pdims\(\)](#)

`nterms.mcmcarray`      *Number of Terms*

### Description

Gets the number of terms of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
nterms(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- `x`                  An object.
- ...                      Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

A integer scalar of the number of terms.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: `nchains()`, `niters()`, `npars()`, `nsams()`, `nsims()`

`nterms.mcmcr`      *Number of Terms*

### Description

Gets the number of terms of an MCMC object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcr'
nterms(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

- `x`                  An object.
- ...                      Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

A integer scalar of the number of terms.

### See Also

Other MCMC dimensions: `nchains()`, `niters()`, `npars()`, `nsams()`, `nsims()`

---

nterms.mcmc	<i>Number of Terms</i>
-------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Gets the number of terms of an MCMC object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
nterms(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- x An object.
- ... Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

A integer scalar of the number of terms.

**See Also**

Other MCMC dimensions: [nchains\(\)](#), [niters\(\)](#), [npars\(\)](#), [nsams\(\)](#), [nsims\(\)](#)

---

params	<i>Parameter Descriptions</i>
--------	-------------------------------

---

**Description**

Parameter Descriptions

**Arguments**

- x An object.
- scalar A logical scalar specifying whether to include all parameters (NULL), only scalars (TRUE) or all parameters except scalars (FALSE).
- terms A logical scalar specifying whether to provide the parameters for each term.
- nas A flag specifying whether to also fill missing values.
- nthin A positive integer of the thinning rate.
- by A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
- as\_df A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
- fun A function that given a numeric vector returns a numeric scalar.
- bound flag specifying whether to bind mcmc objects by their chains before calculating rhat.
- rhat The maximum rhat value.

---

<code>esr</code>	The minimum effective sampling rate.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>parameters</code>	A character vector (or NULL) of the parameters to subset by.
<code>iterations</code>	An integer vector (or NULL) of the iterations to subset by.
<code>...</code>	Unused.

---

**pars.mcmcr***Parameter Names***Description**

Gets the parameter names.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcr'
pars(x, scalar = NULL, terms = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>scalar</code>	A logical scalar specifying whether to include all parameters (NULL), only scalars (TRUE) or all parameters except scalars (FALSE).
<code>terms</code>	A logical scalar specifying whether to provide the parameters for each term.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

A character vector of the names of the parameters.

**See Also**

Other parameters: [npars\(\)](#), [set\\_pars\(\)](#)

**pars.mcmc***Parameter Names***Description**

Gets the parameter names.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
pars(x, scalar = NULL, terms = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object.
scalar	A logical scalar specifying whether to include all parameters (NULL), only scalars (TRUE) or all parameters except scalars (FALSE).
terms	A logical scalar specifying whether to provide the parameters for each term.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

A character vector of the names of the parameters.

**See Also**

Other parameters: [npars\(\)](#), [set\\_pars\(\)](#)

---

pdims.mcarray

*Parameter Dimensions*

---

**Description**

Gets the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'  
pdims(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

A named list of integer vectors of the dimensions of each parameter.

**See Also**

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#)

---

**pdims.mcmcarray**      *Parameter Dimensions*

---

### Description

Gets the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
pdims(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

A named list of integer vectors of the dimensions of each parameter.

### See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#)

---

**pdims.mcmcr**      *Parameter Dimensions*

---

### Description

Gets the dimensions of each parameter of an object.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcr'  
pdims(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Value

A named list of integer vectors of the dimensions of each parameter.

### See Also

Other dimensions: [dims\(\)](#), [ndims\(\)](#), [npdims\(\)](#)

---

rhat.mcarray	<i>R-hat</i>
--------------	--------------

---

## Description

Calculates an R-hat (potential scale reduction factor) value.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'  
rhat(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |       |   |
|-------|---|
| x     | An object.  |
| by    | A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".           |
| as_df | A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list. |
| na_rm | A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.                                 |
| ...   | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

## Details

By default the uncorrected, unfolded, univariate, split R-hat value.

## Value

A number  $\geq 1$  indicating the rhat value.

## References

Gelman, A., and Rubin, D.B. 1992. Inference from Iterative Simulation Using Multiple Sequences. Statistical Science 7(4): 457–472.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [converged\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#)

---

<code>rhat.mcmc</code>	<i>R-hat</i>
------------------------	--------------

---

## Description

Calculates an R-hat (potential scale reduction factor) value.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
rhat(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

- |                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <code>x</code>     | An object.  |
| <code>by</code>    | A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".           |
| <code>as_df</code> | A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list. |
| <code>na_rm</code> | A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.                                 |
| <code>...</code>   | Other arguments passed to methods.  |

## Details

By default the uncorrected, unfolded, univariate, split R-hat value.

## Value

A number  $\geq 1$  indicating the rhat value.

## References

Gelman, A., and Rubin, D.B. 1992. Inference from Iterative Simulation Using Multiple Sequences. *Statistical Science* 7(4): 457–472.

## See Also

Other convergence: `converged_pars()`, `converged_terms()`, `converged()`, `esr_pars()`, `esr_terms()`, `esr()`, `rhat_pars()`, `rhat_terms()`

---

rhat.mcmc.list	<i>R-hat</i>
----------------	--------------

---

## Description

Calculates an R-hat (potential scale reduction factor) value.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc.list'  
rhat(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

- x An object.  
 by A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".  
 as\_df A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.  
 na\_rm A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.  
 ... Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default the uncorrected, unfolded, univariate, split R-hat value.

## Value

A number  $\geq 1$  indicating the rhat value.

## References

Gelman, A., and Rubin, D.B. 1992. Inference from Iterative Simulation Using Multiple Sequences. *Statistical Science* 7(4): 457–472.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [converged\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#)

<code>rhat.mcmcarray</code>	<i>R-hat</i>
-----------------------------	--------------

## Description

Calculates an R-hat (potential scale reduction factor) value.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
rhat(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default the uncorrected, unfolded, univariate, split R-hat value.

## Value

A number  $\geq 1$  indicating the rhat value.

## References

Gelman, A., and Rubin, D.B. 1992. Inference from Iterative Simulation Using Multiple Sequences. *Statistical Science* 7(4): 457–472.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [converged\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#)

---

rhat.mcmc	<i>R-hat</i>
-----------	--------------

---

## Description

Calculates an R-hat (potential scale reduction factor) value.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
rhat(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	An object.
by	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
as_df	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
na_rm	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default the uncorrected, unfolded, univariate, split R-hat value.

## Value

A number  $\geq 1$  indicating the rhat value.

## References

Gelman, A., and Rubin, D.B. 1992. Inference from Iterative Simulation Using Multiple Sequences. Statistical Science 7(4): 457–472.

## See Also

Other convergence: [converged\\_pars\(\)](#), [converged\\_terms\(\)](#), [converged\(\)](#), [esr\\_pars\(\)](#), [esr\\_terms\(\)](#), [esr\(\)](#), [rhat\\_pars\(\)](#), [rhat\\_terms\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
rhat(mcmc_example)
rhat(mcmc_example, by = "parameter")
rhat(mcmc_example, by = "term")
rhat(mcmc_example, by = "term", as_df = TRUE)
```

---

<code>rhat.mcmc</code>	<i>R-hat</i>
------------------------	--------------

---

## Description

Calculates an R-hat (potential scale reduction factor) value.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
rhat(x, by = "all", as_df = FALSE, na_rm = FALSE, bound = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>by</code>	A string indicating whether to determine by "term", "parameter" or "all".
<code>as_df</code>	A flag indicating whether to return the values as a data frame versus a named list.
<code>na_rm</code>	A flag specifying whether to ignore missing values.
<code>bound</code>	flag specifying whether to bind mcmc objects by their chains before calculating rhat.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Details

By default the uncorrected, unfolded, univariate, split R-hat value.

## Value

A number  $\geq 1$  indicating the rhat value.

## References

Gelman, A., and Rubin, D.B. 1992. Inference from Iterative Simulation Using Multiple Sequences. Statistical Science 7(4): 457–472.

## See Also

Other convergence: `converged_pars()`, `converged_terms()`, `converged()`, `esr_pars()`, `esr_terms()`, `esr()`, `rhat_pars()`, `rhat_terms()`

## Examples

```
rhat(mcmc(mcmc_example, mcmc_example))
rhat(mcmc(mcmc_example, mcmc_example), bound = TRUE)
```

---

set\_pars.mcmc      *Set Parameters*

---

### Description

Sets an object's parameter names.

The assignment version pars<-() forwards to set\_pars().

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
set_pars(x, value, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
value	A character vector of the new parameter names.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

### Details

value must be a unique character vector of the same length as the object's parameters.

### Value

The modified object.

### See Also

Other parameters: [npars\(\)](#), [pars\(\)](#)

---

set\_pars.mcmcrs      *Set Parameters*

---

### Description

Sets an object's parameter names.

The assignment version pars<-() forwards to set\_pars().

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcrs'
set_pars(x, value, ...)
```

### Arguments

x	An object.
value	A character vector of the new parameter names.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Details**

`value` must be a unique character vector of the same length as the object's parameters.

**Value**

The modified object.

**See Also**

Other parameters: [npars\(\)](#), [pars\(\)](#)

---

`split_chains.mcmcarray`  
*Split Chains*

---

**Description**

Splits each of an MCMC object's chains in half to double the number of chains and halve the number of iterations.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'  
split_chains(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	An object.
<code>...</code>	Other arguments passed to methods.

**Value**

The modified object.

**See Also**

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#)

---

split\_chains.mcmc      *Split Chains*

---

## Description

Splits each of an MCMC object's chains in half to double the number of chains and halve the number of iterations.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
split_chains(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	An object.
...	Other arguments passed to methods.

## Value

The modified object.

## See Also

Other MCMC manipulations: [bind\\_chains\(\)](#), [bind\\_iterations\(\)](#), [collapse\\_chains\(\)](#), [estimates\(\)](#)

---

subset                    *Subset an MCMC Object*

---

## Description

Subsets an MCMC object by its chains, iterations and/or parameters.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
subset(x, chains = NULL, iters = NULL, iterations = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmc'
subset(
  x,
  chains = NULL,
  iters = NULL,
  pars = NULL,
  iterations = NULL,
  parameters = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmcrls'
subset(
  x,
  chains = NULL,
  iters = NULL,
  pars = NULL,
  iterations = NULL,
  parameters = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	The MCMC object to subset
<code>chains</code>	An integer vector of chains.
<code>iters</code>	An integer vector of iterations.
<code>iterations</code>	An integer vector (or NULL) of the iterations to subset by.
<code>...</code>	Unused.
<code>pars</code>	A character vector of parameter names.
<code>parameters</code>	A character vector (or NULL) of the parameters to subset by.

## Methods (by class)

- `mcmcarray`: Subset an `mcmcarray` object
- `mcmcrl`: Subset an `mcmcrl` object
- `mcmcrls`: Subset an `mcmcrls` object

## Examples

```
subset(mcmcrl_example,
       chains = 2L, iters = 1:100,
       pars = c("beta", "alpha"))
)
```

`tidy.mcmc.mcmcr` *Turn an object into a tidy tibble*

## Description

Turn an object into a tidy tibble

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mcmc.mcmcr'
tidy(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object to be converted into a tidy <code>tibble::tibble()</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to tidying method.

**Value**

A `tibble::tibble()` with information about model components.

**Methods**

No methods found in currently loaded packages.

---

`vld_mcmc`*Validate MCMC Objects***Description**

Validates class and structure of MCMC objects.

**Usage**

```
vld_mcmcarray(x)  
vld_mcmc(x)  
vld_mcmcrs(x)
```

**Arguments**

`x` The object to check.

**Details**

To just validate class use `chk::vld_s3_class()`.

**Value**

A flag indicating whether the object was validated.

**Functions**

- `vld_mcmcarray`: Validate `mcmcarray-object()`
- `vld_mcmc`: Validate `mcmc-object()`
- `vld_mcmcrs`: Validate `mcmcrs-object()`

**See Also**

`chk_mcmc()`

## Examples

```
#' vld_mcmcarray
vld_mcmcarray(1)

# vld_mcmcr
vld_mcmcr(1)
vld_mcmcr(mcmcr::mcmcr_example)

# vld_mcmcrs
vld_mcmcrs(1)
```

zero

*Zero MCMC Sample Values*

## Description

Zeros an MCMC object's sample values.

## Usage

```
zero(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcarray'
zero(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmcarray'
zero(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'mcmcr'
zero(x, pars = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

x	The MCMC object.
...	Unused
pars	A character vector (or NULL) of the pars to zero.

## Details

It is used for removing the effect of a random effect where the expected value is 0.

## Value

The MCMC

## Methods (by class)

- mcarray: Zero an mcarray object
- mcmcarray: Zero an mcmcarray object
- mcmcr: Zero an mcmcr object

**Examples**

```
zero(mcmc_r_example, pars = "beta")
```

# Index

\* datasets  
  mcmc\_r\_example, 39

as.mcaray, 3  
as.mcmc.mcaray, 4  
as.mcmc.mcmc, 5  
as.mcmc.mcmcarray, 6  
as.mcmc.mcmcr, 6  
as.mcmcarray, 7  
as.mcmcr, 8  
as.mcmc.list(as.mcaray), 3  
as.mcmcrs, 9  
as\_nlist.mcmcr, 10  
as\_nlists.mcmc.list, 10  
as\_nlists.mcmcr, 11

bind\_chains, 19, 29–32, 60, 61  
bind\_chains.mcaray, 12  
bind\_chains.mcmc, 12  
bind\_chains.mcmc.list, 13  
bind\_chains.mcmcarray, 13  
bind\_chains.mcmcr, 14  
bind\_dimensions, 14  
bind\_dimensions(), 15  
bind\_dimensions\_n, 15  
bind\_dimensions\_n(), 14  
bind\_iterations, 12–14, 19, 29–32, 60, 61  
bind\_parameters, 15

check\_mcmcarray, 16  
check\_mcmcr, 16  
chk::chk\_s3\_class(), 17  
chk::vld\_s3\_class(), 63  
chk\_mcmcarray(chk\_mcmcr), 17  
chk\_mcmcr, 17  
chk\_mcmcr(), 63  
chk\_mcmcrs(chk\_mcmcr), 17  
coda::mcmc(), 8  
coda::mcmc.list(), 8  
coef, 18  
collapse\_chains, 12–14, 29–32, 60, 61  
collapse\_chains.mcmcr, 19  
combine\_dimensions, 19  
combine\_samples, 20

  combine\_samples\_n, 20  
  converged, 23–28, 53–58  
  converged.default, 21  
  converged.mcmcrs, 22  
  converged\_pars, 21–28, 53–58  
  converged\_terms, 21–28, 53–58

  dims, 47, 51, 52

  esr, 21, 22, 53–58  
  esr(), 29  
  esr.mcaray, 23  
  esr.mcmc, 24  
  esr.mcmc.list, 25  
  esr.mcmcarray, 26  
  esr.mcmcr, 27  
  esr.mcmcrs, 28  
  esr\_pars, 21–28, 53–58  
  esr\_terms, 21–28, 53–58  
  ess, 29  
  estimates, 12–14, 19, 60, 61  
  estimates.mcaray, 29  
  estimates.mcmc, 30  
  estimates.mcmc.list, 30  
  estimates.mcmcarray, 31  
  estimates.mcmcr, 31

  fill\_all.mcaray, 32  
  fill\_all.mcmcarray, 33  
  fill\_all.mcmcr, 34  
  fill\_na, 33–35

  is.mcaray, 35  
  is.mcmcarray, 36  
  is.mcmcr, 36  
  is.mcmcrs, 37

  mcmc.list, 5–7  
  mcmc\_aperm, 40  
  mcmc\_map, 40  
  mcmcarray-object, 37  
  mcmcarray\_object (mcmcarray-object), 37  
  mcmcr-object, 38  
  mcmcr\_example, 39  
  mcmcr\_object (mcmcr-object), 38

mcmc, 38  
mcmc-object, 39  
mcmc\_object (mcmc-object), 39  
mcmcUpgrade, 5–7  
  
nchains, 43–46, 48, 49  
nchains.mcarrray, 41  
nchains.mcmcarray, 41  
nchains.mcmcr, 42  
nchains.mcmc, 42  
ndims, 47, 51, 52  
niters, 41, 42, 45, 46, 48, 49  
niters.mcarrray, 43  
niters.mcmcarray, 43  
niters.mcmcr, 44  
niters.mcmc, 44  
nlist\_object(), 10  
nlists\_object(), 10, 11  
npars, 41–44, 48–51, 59, 60  
npars.mcarrray, 45  
npars.mcmcarray, 45  
npars.mcmcr, 46  
npdims, 51, 52  
npdims.mcmcarray, 47  
npdims.mcmcr, 47  
nsams, 41–46, 48, 49  
nsims, 41–46, 48, 49  
nterms, 41–46  
nterms.mcmcarray, 48  
nterms.mcmcr, 48  
nterms.mcmc, 49  
  
params, 49  
pars, 45, 46, 59, 60  
pars(), 45, 46  
pars.mcmcr, 50  
pars.mcmc, 50  
pdims, 47  
pdims(), 47  
pdims.mcarrray, 51  
pdims.mcmcarray, 52  
pdims.mcmcr, 52  
plot.mcmc, 5–7  
  
rhat, 21–28  
rhat.mcarrray, 53  
rhat.mcmc, 54  
rhat.mcmc.list, 55  
rhat.mcmcarray, 56  
rhat.mcmcr, 57  
rhat.mcmc, 58  
rhat\_pars, 21–28, 53–58  
rhat\_terms, 21–28, 53–58  
  
set\_pars, 45, 46, 50, 51  
set\_pars.mcmcr, 59  
set\_pars.mcmc, 59  
split\_chains, 12–14, 19, 29–32  
split\_chains.mcmcarray, 60  
split\_chains.mcmcr, 61  
subset, 61  
summary.mcmc, 5–7  
  
thin, 5–7  
tibble::tibble(), 62, 63  
tidy.mcmc.mcmcr, 62  
  
vld\_mcmcarray (vld\_mcmcr), 63  
vld\_mcmcr, 63  
vld\_mcmcr(), 17  
vld\_mcmc (vld\_mcmcr), 63  
  
window.mcmc, 5–7  
  
zero, 64