

Classes for record linkage of big data sets

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January 11, 2012

As of version 0.3, the package `RecordLinkage` includes extensions to overcome the problem of high memory consumption that arises when processing a large number of records (i.e. building record pairs out of ≥ 1000 records without blocking). In versions 0.3_x, this was achieved by blockwise on-demand creation of comparison patterns in an embedded `SQLite` database (through package `RSQLite`). Package version 0.4 replaces this mechanism by using file-based data structures from package `ff`. This approach restricts the amount of data pairs to the available disk space but speeds up execution and facilitates the implementation of methods that need to process the whole set of record pairs (e.g. calculation of optimal classification thresholds).

The interface to the “big data” methods has is compatible to code written for version 0.3_x, so users familiar with these can stick to their existing workflow (unless access to internal structures like object slots is involved). Therefore, the following text sticks to the vignette already included in versions before 0.4 and only technical details are changed to reflect the different implementation.

In order to facilitate a tidier design, S4 classes and methods were used to implement the extensions. In favor of backward compatibility and development time, plans of a complete transition to S4 were dismissed. Nevertheless, the existing functions were joined with their new counterparts, resulting in methods which dispatch on the new S4 as well as on the existing S3 classes. This approach combines two advantages: First, existing code using the package still works, second, the new classes and methods offer (nearly) the same interface, i.e. the necessary function calls for a linkage task differ only slightly. An exception is `getPairs`, whose arguments differ from the existing version (see man page).

1 Defining data and comparison parameters

The existing S3 class `"RecLinkData"` is supplemented by the S4 classes `"RLBigDataLinkage"` and `"RLBigDataDedup"` for linking two datasets and deduplication of one dataset respectively. Both share the common abstract superclass `"RLBigData"`.

```
> library(RecordLinkage)
> showClass("RLBigData")
```

```
Virtual Class "RLBigData" [package "RecordLinkage"]
```

```
Slots:
```

```
Name: frequencies    blockFld  excludeFld
Class:    numeric      list      numeric
```

```
Name:    strcmpFld  strcmpFun  phoneticFld
Class:    numeric   character   numeric
```

```
Name:  phoneticFun    pairs      Wdata
Class:  character     ffdff     ff_vector
```

```
Name:    WdataInd      M      U
Class:  ff_vector     ff_vector  ff_vector
```

Known Subclasses: "RLBigDataDedup", "RLBigDataLinkage"

```
> showClass("RLBigDataDedup")
```

```
Class "RLBigDataDedup" [package "RecordLinkage"]
```

Slots:

```
Name:    data    identity  frequencies
Class:  data.frame  factor    numeric
```

```
Name:    blockFld  excludeFld  strcmpFld
Class:    list     numeric     numeric
```

```
Name:    strcmpFun  phoneticFld  phoneticFun
Class:  character   numeric     character
```

```
Name:    pairs      Wdata      WdataInd
Class:    ffdff     ff_vector  ff_vector
```

```
Name:    M      U
Class:  ff_vector  ff_vector
```

Extends: "RLBigData"

```
> showClass("RLBigDataLinkage")
```

```
Class "RLBigDataLinkage" [package "RecordLinkage"]
```

Slots:

```
Name:    data1      data2      identity1
Class:  data.frame  data.frame  factor
```

```
Name:    identity2  frequencies  blockFld
Class:    factor     numeric     list
```

```
Name:    excludeFld  strcmpFld  strcmpFun
Class:    numeric     numeric     character
```

```
Name:  phoneticFld phoneticFun      pairs
Class:   numeric   character      ffd
```

```
Name:      Wdata   WdataInd      M
Class:   ff_vector ff_vector   ff_vector
```

```
Name:      U
Class:   ff_vector
```

```
Extends: "RLBigData"
```

For the two non-virtual classes, the constructor-like function `RLBigDataDedup` and `RLBigDataLinkage` exist, which correspond to `compare.dedup` and `compare.linkage` for the S3 classes and share most of their arguments.

The following example shows the basic usage of the constructors, for details consult their documentation.

```
> # deduplicate dataset with two blocking iterations and string comparison
> data(RLdata500)
> data(RLdata10000)
> rpairs1 <- RLBigDataDedup(RLdata500, identity = identity.RLdata500, blockfld = list(1,3)
+   strcmp = 1:4)
> # link two datasets with phonetic code, exclude lname_c2
> s1 <- 471:500
> s2 <- sample(1:10000, 300)
> identity2 <- c(identity.RLdata500[s1], rep(NA, length(s2)))
> dataset <- rbind(RLdata500[s1,], RLdata10000[s2,])
> rpairs2 <- RLBigDataLinkage(RLdata500, dataset, identity1 = identity.RLdata500,
+   identity2 = identity2, phonetic = 1:4, exclude = "lname_c2")
```

2 Supervised classification

The existing function `classifySupv` was transformed to a S4 method which handles the old S3 object ("RecLinkData") as well as the new classes. However, at the moment a classifier can only be trained with an object of class "RecLinkData".

```
> train <- getMinimalTrain(compare.dedup(RLdata500, identity = identity.RLdata500,
+   blockfld = list(1,3)))
> rpairs1 <- RLBigDataDedup(RLdata500, identity = identity.RLdata500)
> classif <- trainSupv(train, "rpart", minsplitt=2)
> result <- classifySupv(classif, rpairs1)
```

The result is an object of class "RLResult" which contains the classification result along with the data object.

```
> showClass("RLResult")
```

```
Class "RLResult" [package "RecordLinkage"]
```

Slots:

Name: data prediction
Class: RLBIGData ff_vector

A contingency table can be viewed via `getTable`, various error measures are calculated by `getErrorMeasures`.

```
> getTable(result)
```

	classification		
true status	N	P	L
0	124691	0	9
1	1	0	49

```
> getErrorMeasures(result)
```

```
$alpha  
[1] 0.02
```

```
$beta  
[1] 7.217322e-05
```

```
$accuracy  
[1] 0.9999198
```

```
$precision  
[1] 0.8448276
```

```
$sensitivity  
[1] 0.98
```

```
$specificity  
[1] 0.9999278
```

```
$ppv  
[1] 0.8448276
```

```
$npv  
[1] 0.999992
```

3 Weight-based classification

As with "RecLinkData" objects, weight-based classification with "RLBIGData*" classes includes weight calculation and classification based on one or two thresholds, dividing links, non-links and, if desired, possible links. The following example applies classification with `Epilink` (see documentation of `epiWeights` for details):

```
> rpairs1 <- epiWeights(rpairs1)  
> result <- epiClassify(rpairs1, 0.5)  
> getTable(result)
```

	classification		
true status	N	P	L
0	124699	0	1
1	4	0	46

4 Evaluation and results

In addition to `getTable` and `getErrorMeasures`, `getPairs`, which was re-designed as a versatile S4 method, is an important tool to inspect data and linkage results. For example, the following code extracts all links with weights greater or equal than 0.7 from the result set obtained in the last example:

```
> getPairs(result, min.weight=0.7, filter.link="link")
```

```
=====
  id fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1 lname_c2  by bm
1 290   HELGA ELFRIEDE  BERGER    <NA> 1989  1
2 466   HELGA ELFRIEDE  BERGER    <NA> 1989  1
3
4 313  URSULA  BIRGIT  MUELLRR  <NA> 1940  6
5 457  URSULA  BIRGIT  MUELLER  <NA> 1940  6
6
7 467  ULRIKE  NICOLE  BECKRR   <NA> 1982  8
8 472  ULRIKE  NICOLE  BECKER   <NA> 1982  8
9
  bd is_match Class  Weight
1 18
2 28   TRUE      L 0.7786012
3
4 15
5 15   TRUE      L 0.7293529
6
7 4
8 4   TRUE      L 0.7293529
9
```

A frequent use case is to inspect misclassified record pairs; for this purpose two shortcuts are included that call `getPairs` with appropriate arguments:

```
> getFalsePos(result)
```

```
=====
  id fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1 lname_c2  by bm
1 388  ANDREA  <NA>    WEBER    <NA> 1945  5
2 408  ANDREA  <NA>    SCHMIDT  <NA> 1945  2
3
  bd is_match Class  Weight
1 20
2 20  FALSE      L 0.5067013
3
```

```
> getFalseNeg(result)
```

```
=====
   id fname_c1 fname_c2 lname_c1 lname_c2  by
1  353     INGE    <NA>   SEIDEL    <NA> 1949
2  355    INGEU    <NA>   SEIDEL    <NA> 1949
3
4  285    ERIKA    <NA>   WEBER    <NA> 1995
5  379    ERIKA    <NA>   WEBER    <NA> 1992
6
7  127    KARL    <NA>   KLEIN    <NA> 2002
8  142    KARL    <NA>   KLEIBN    <NA> 2002
9
10 37 HARTMHUT    <NA> HOFFMSNN    <NA> 1929
11 72 HARTMUT    <NA> HOFFMANN    <NA> 1929
12
   bm bd is_match Class  Weight
1   9 4
2   8 4   TRUE     N 0.4948059
3
4   2 1
5   2 29   TRUE     N 0.4782410
6
7   6 20
8   6 29   TRUE     N 0.4692532
9
10 12 29
11 12 29   TRUE     N 0.4081096
12
>
```