

Region-Of-Influence approach: some FEH examples

Alberto Viglione

```
> data(FEH1000)
```

To have some information on these data:

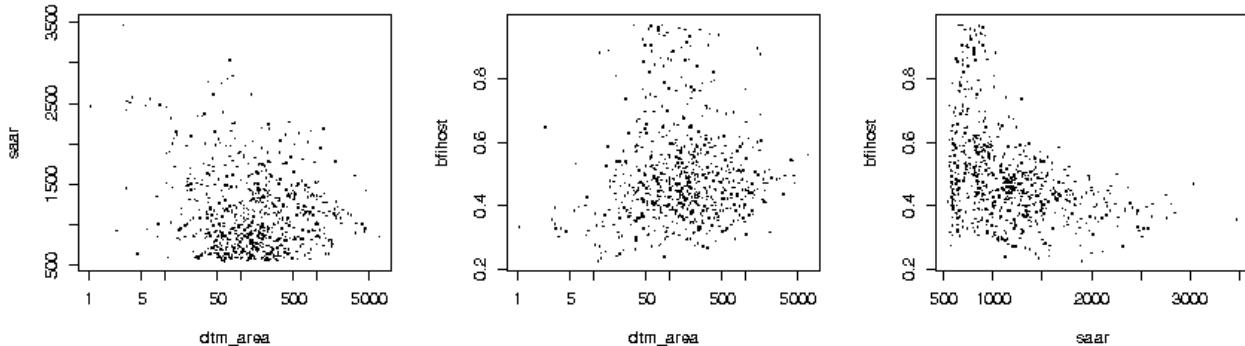
```
> ls()
> help(FEH1000)
```

Criteria used in the FEH to choose stations for pooling groups: n>7; area, saar and bfihost are known; urbext<0.025; area>0.5;

```
> n <- tapply(am[, 4], am[, 1], length)
> urbext <- cd[, "urbext1990"]
> area <- cd[, "dtm_area"]
> cd696 <- cd[(!is.nan(cd[, "dtm_area"])) & (!is.nan(cd[, "saar"])) &
+   (!is.nan(cd[, "bfihost"])) & (n > 7) & (urbext < 0.025) &
+   (area > 0.5), ]
> fac <- factor(am[, "number"], levels = cd696[, "number"])
> am696 <- am[!is.na(fac), ]
```

Figure 16.2 pag.157, FEH Vol.3:

```
> layout(matrix(c(1, 2, 3), 1, 3))
> plot(cd696[c("dtm_area", "saar")], pch = ".", cex = 2, log = "x")
> plot(cd696[c("dtm_area", "bfihost")], pch = ".", cex = 2, log = "x")
> plot(cd696[c("saar", "bfihost")], pch = ".", cex = 2)
```



Discordancy measure:

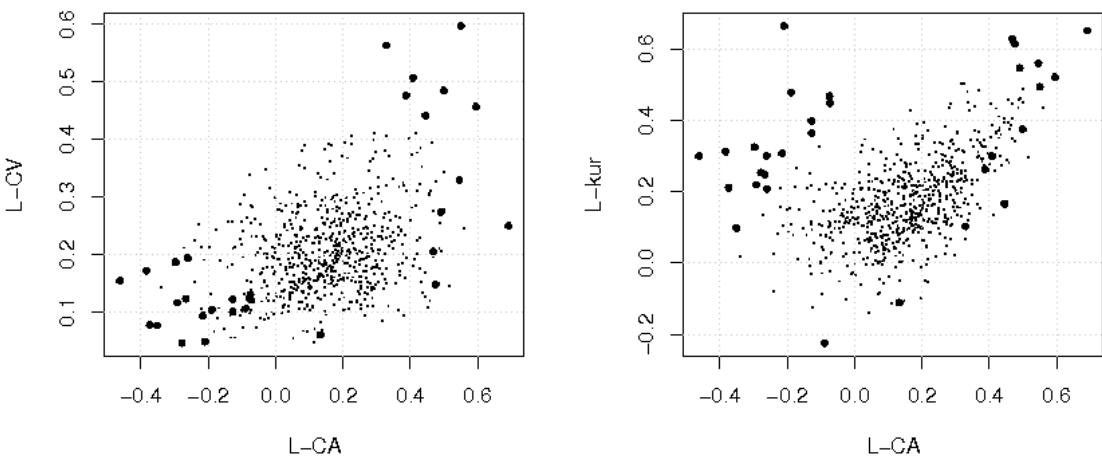
```
> Lmoments696 <- t(sapply(split(am696[, 4], am696[, 1]), Lmoments))
> Di <- discordancy(am696[, "am"], am696[, "number"])
```

Sites with discordancy greater than 3:

```

> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> plot(Lmomenti696[, c("lca", "lcv")], xlab = "L-CA", ylab = "L-CV",
+       pch = ".", cex = 2)
> grid()
> points(Lmomenti696[(Di > 3), c("lca", "lcv")], pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
> plot(Lmomenti696[, c("lca", "lkur")], xlab = "L-CA", ylab = "L-kur",
+       pch = ".", cex = 2)
> grid()
> points(Lmomenti696[(Di > 3), c("lca", "lkur")], pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
> par(mfrow = c(1, 1))

```



Region of influence approach (Table 16.2, pag.164, FEH Vol.3) using lnAREA, lnSAAR and BFHOST to measure distances among sites:

```

> sd(log(cd696[, "dtm_area"]))
[1] 1.345515

> sd(log(cd696[, "saar"]))
[1] 0.38534

> sd(cd696[, "bfihost"])
[1] 0.1485239

> AREAterm <- log(cd696[, "dtm_area"])/(sd(log(cd696[, "dtm_area"]))) *
+     sqrt(2))
> SAARterm <- log(cd696[, "saar"])/sd(log(cd696[, "saar"]))
> BFHOSTterm <- cd696[, "bfihost"]/sd(cd696[, "bfihost"])
> distFEH <- dist(cbind(AREAterm, SAARterm, BFHOSTterm))
> roi.cd <- data.frame(cbind(AREAterm, SAARterm, BFHOSTterm))
> row.names(roi.cd) <- cd696[, "number"]

```

```

> roi01.50year <- new.env()
> for (i in 1:696) {
+   print(paste(i, "/ 696"))
+   assign(as.character(row.names(roi.cd)[i]), roi.st.year(roi.cd[i,
+     ], as.data.frame(roi.cd), row.names(roi.cd), am696[,,
+     "am"], am696[, "number"], test = "HW", station.year = 250,
+     Nsim = 100), env = roi01.50year)
+ }
> roi01.50year <- as.list(roi01.50year)

> estrai.region <- function(x) {
+   x$region
+ }
> estrai.test <- function(x) {
+   x$test
+ }

> regioni.50year <- sapply(roi01.50year, estrai.region)
> test.50year <- sapply(roi01.50year, estrai.test)
> mL.50year <- mean(sapply(regioni.50year, length))
> mH2.50year <- mean(test.50year["H2", ])
> gH2gr2.50year <- sum(test.50year["H2", ] > 2)/696
> gH2gr4.50year <- sum(test.50year["H2", ] > 4)/696

> roi01.100year <- new.env()
> for (i in 1:696) {
+   print(paste(i, "/ 696"))
+   assign(as.character(row.names(roi.cd)[i]), roi.st.year(roi.cd[i,
+     ], as.data.frame(roi.cd), row.names(roi.cd), am696[,,
+     "am"], am696[, "number"], test = "HW", station.year = 500,
+     Nsim = 100), env = roi01.100year)
+ }
> roi01.100year <- as.list(roi01.100year)

> regioni.100year <- sapply(roi01.100year, estrai.region)
> test.100year <- sapply(roi01.100year, estrai.test)
> mL.100year <- mean(sapply(regioni.100year, length))
> mH2.100year <- mean(test.100year["H2", ])
> gH2gr2.100year <- sum(test.100year["H2", ] > 2)/696
> gH2gr4.100year <- sum(test.100year["H2", ] > 4)/696

> table16.2 <- data.frame(signif(rbind(c(mL.50year, mH2.50year,
+   gH2gr2.50year * 100, gH2gr4.50year * 100), c(mL.100year,
+   mH2.100year, gH2gr2.100year * 100, gH2gr4.100year * 100)),
+   3), row.names = c("50-year", "100-year"))
> names(table16.2) <- c("Avg. n sites", "m(H2)", "% H2>2", "% H2>4")
> print(table16.2)

```

Avg. n sites m(H2) % H2>2 % H2>4

50-year	11.2	1.53	34	7
100-year	21.8	2.19	52	15

Example 16.3 pag.164, FEH Vol.3:

```
> prova54088 <- roi.st.year(roi.cd["54088", ], roi.cd, row.names(roi.cd),
+   am696[, "am"], am696[, "number"], test = "HW", station.year = 250,
+   Nsim = 500)
> prova28018 <- roi.st.year(roi.cd["28018", ], roi.cd, row.names(roi.cd),
+   am696[, "am"], am696[, "number"], test = "HW", station.year = 250,
+   Nsim = 500)

> Lmomenti696 <- as.data.frame(Lmomenti696)
> par(mfrow = c(1, 2))
> plot(Lmomenti696[c("lca", "lcv")], xlab = "L-CA", ylab = "L-CV",
+   pch = ".", cex = 2, main = "54088")
> grid()
> points(Lmomenti696[c("54088"), c("lca", "lcv")], pch = 19, col = "red",
+   cex = 1)
> points(Lmomenti696[prova54088$region[-1], c("lca", "lcv")], pch = 19,
+   cex = 1)
> plot(Lmomenti696[, c("lca", "lkur")], xlab = "L-CA", ylab = "L-kur",
+   pch = ".", cex = 2, main = "28018")
> grid()
> points(Lmomenti696[c("28018"), c("lca", "lcv")], pch = 19, col = "red",
+   cex = 1)
> points(Lmomenti696[prova28018$region[-1], c("lca", "lcv")], pch = 19,
+   cex = 1)
> par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
```

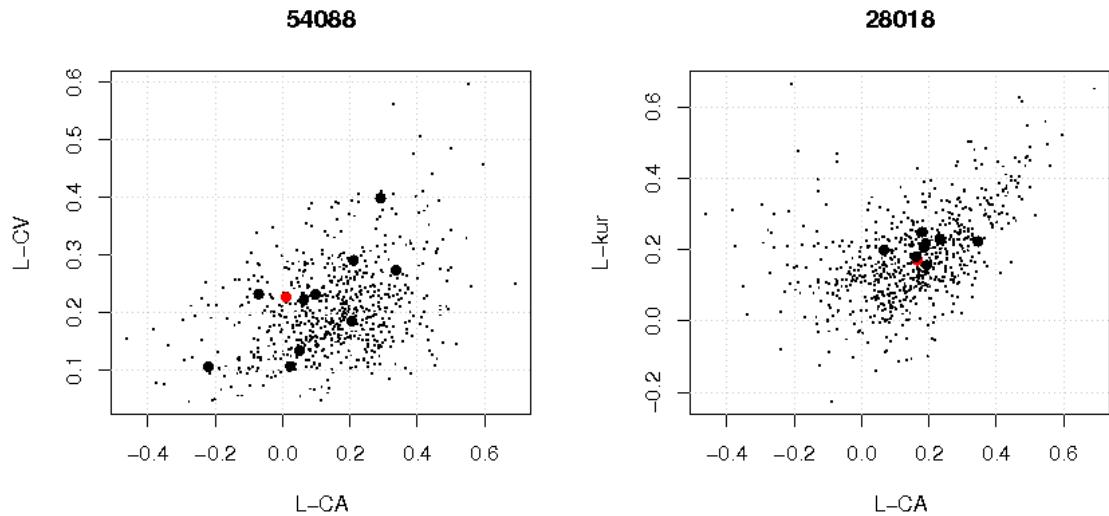


Figure 16.9 pag.174 (1st part), FEH Vol.3:

```
> figure16.9a <- function(x, r, cd) {
+   if (!r$region[1] == x)
+     r$region <- c(x, r$region)
+   row.names(cd) <- cd[, "number"]
+   n <- length(cd[, "number"])
```

```

+ cd.r <- cd[r$region, ]
+ par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
+ hist(log(cd[, "dtm_area"]), col = "lightgray", border = "lightgray",
+       main = "", xlab = "AREA", axes = FALSE)
+ axis(1, at = c(log(1), log(10), log(100), log(1000), log(10000)),
+       label = c("1", "10", "100", "1000", "10000"))
+ axis(2, at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.05) * n, label = seq(0, 1,
+       by = 0.05))
+ box()
+ points(cbind(log(cd.r[-1, "dtm_area"])), 0), pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
+ points(cbind(log(cd.r[1, "dtm_area"])), 0), pch = 4, cex = 2,
+       lwd = 2)
+ hist(cd[, "saar"], col = "lightgray", border = "lightgray",
+       main = "", xlab = "SAAR", axes = FALSE)
+ axis(1)
+ axis(2, at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.05) * n, label = seq(0, 1,
+       by = 0.05))
+ box()
+ points(cbind(cd.r[-1, "saar"]), 0), pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
+ points(cbind(cd.r[1, "saar"]), 0), pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ hist(cd[, "bfihost"], col = "lightgray", border = "lightgray",
+       main = "", xlab = "BFIHOST", axes = FALSE)
+ axis(1)
+ axis(2, at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.05) * n, label = seq(0, 1,
+       by = 0.05))
+ box()
+ points(cbind(cd.r[-1, "bfihost"]), 0), pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
+ points(cbind(cd.r[1, "bfihost"]), 0), pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ hist(cd[, "farl"], col = "lightgray", border = "lightgray",
+       main = "", xlab = "FARL", axes = FALSE)
+ axis(1)
+ axis(2, at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.05) * n, label = seq(0, 1,
+       by = 0.05))
+ box()
+ points(cbind(cd.r[-1, "farl"]), 0), pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
+ points(cbind(cd.r[1, "farl"]), 0), pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ hist(cd[, "propwet"], col = "lightgray", border = "lightgray",
+       main = "", xlab = "PROPWET", axes = FALSE)
+ axis(1)
+ axis(2, at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.05) * n, label = seq(0, 1,
+       by = 0.05))
+ box()
+ points(cbind(cd.r[-1, "propwet"]), 0), pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
+ points(cbind(cd.r[1, "propwet"]), 0), pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ hist(cd[, "urbext1990"], col = "lightgray", border = "lightgray",
+       main = "", xlab = "URBEXT", axes = FALSE)
+ axis(1)
+ axis(2, at = seq(0, 1, by = 0.05) * n, label = seq(0, 1,
+       by = 0.05))
+ box()

```

```

+   points(cbind(cd.r[-1, "urbext1990"], 0), pch = 19, cex = 0.7)
+   points(cbind(cd.r[1, "urbext1990"], 0), pch = 4, cex = 2,
+         lwd = 2)
+   par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
+   title(main = x, cex.main = 1, font.main = 1)
+ }

> prova40009 <- roi.st.year(roi.cd["40009", ], roi.cd, row.names(roi.cd),
+   am696[, "am"], am696[, "number"], test = "HW", station.year = 500,
+   Nsim = 500)

> figure16.9a("40009", prova40009, cd696)

```

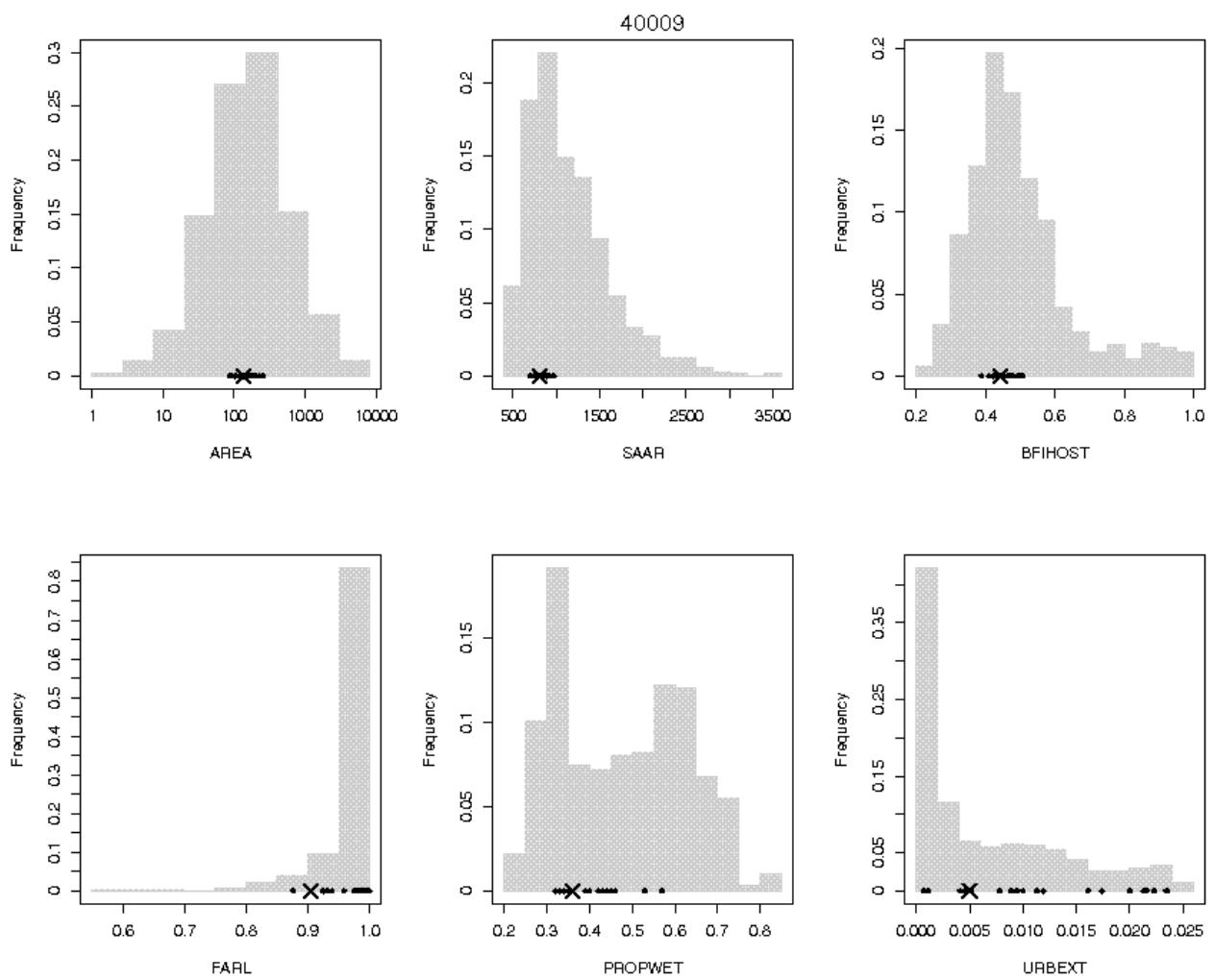


Figure 16.9 pag.174 (2nd part), FEH Vol.3:

```

> figure16.9b <- function(x, r, am, cd) {
+   row.names(cd) <- cd[, "number"]
+   n <- length(cd[, "number"])
+   cd.r <- cd[r$region, ]
+   cd.x <- cd[x, ]

```

```

+ fac <- factor(am[, "number"], levels = cd.r[, "number"])
+ am.r <- am[!is.na(fac), ]
+ fac <- factor(am[, "number"], levels = x)
+ am.x <- am[!is.na(fac), ]
+ am.xr <- rbind(am.x, am.r)
+ QMED.r <- tapply(am.r[, 4], am.r[, 1], median)
+ QMED.x <- median(am.x[, 4])
+ am.r.adim <- am.r
+ am.r.adim[, 4] <- am.r[, 4]/unsplit(QMED.r, am.r[, 1])
+ am.x.adim <- am.x
+ am.x.adim[, 4] <- am.x[, 4]/QMED.x
+ lcv <- tapply(am[, 4], am[, 1], LCV)
+ lca <- tapply(am[, 4], am[, 1], LCA)
+ lkur <- tapply(am[, 4], am[, 1], Lkur)
+ lcv.r <- tapply(am.r[, 4], am.r[, 1], LCV)
+ lca.r <- tapply(am.r[, 4], am.r[, 1], LCA)
+ lkur.r <- tapply(am.r[, 4], am.r[, 1], Lkur)
+ lcv.x <- LCV(am.x[, 4])
+ lca.x <- LCA(am.x[, 4])
+ lkur.x <- Lkur(am.x[, 4])
+ days <- as.numeric(format(as.Date(am[, 2]), "%j"))
+ days.r <- as.numeric(format(as.Date(am.r[, 2]), "%j"))
+ days.x <- as.numeric(format(as.Date(am.x[, 2]), "%j"))
+ par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
+ lognormplot(am.r.adim[, 4], line = FALSE, xlab = "Q/QMED",
+             type = "n")
+ for (i in r$region) {
+   xxx <- am.r.adim[am.r.adim[, 1] == i, 4]
+   normpoints(xxx, type = "l", col = "gray")
+ }
+ normpoints(am.r.adim[, 4], type = "l", lwd = 2)
+ normpoints(am.x.adim[, 4], type = "l", col = 2, lwd = 2)
+ plot(lca, lcv, pch = ".", cex = 2)
+ points(lca.r, lcv.r, pch = 19)
+ points(lca.x, lcv.x, pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ plot(lca, lkur, pch = ".", cex = 2)
+ points(lca.r, lkur.r, pch = 19)
+ points(lca.x, lkur.x, pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ plot(cd[c("ihdtm_ngr_x", "ihdtm_ngr_y")], pch = ".", cex = 2,
+       xlab = "", ylab = "", axes = FALSE)
+ points(cd.r[c("ihdtm_ngr_x", "ihdtm_ngr_y")], pch = 19)
+ points(cd.x[c("ihdtm_ngr_x", "ihdtm_ngr_y")], pch = 4, cex = 2,
+         lwd = 2)
+ consistencyplot(am.r[, 3], am.r[, 1])
+ dummy <- seq(0, 2 * pi, length = 100)
+ plot(cos(dummy), sin(dummy), type = "l", xlab = "", ylab = "",
+       axes = FALSE)
+ abline(h = 0, lty = 3)
+ abline(v = 0, lty = 3)
+ radd <- days * pi/180

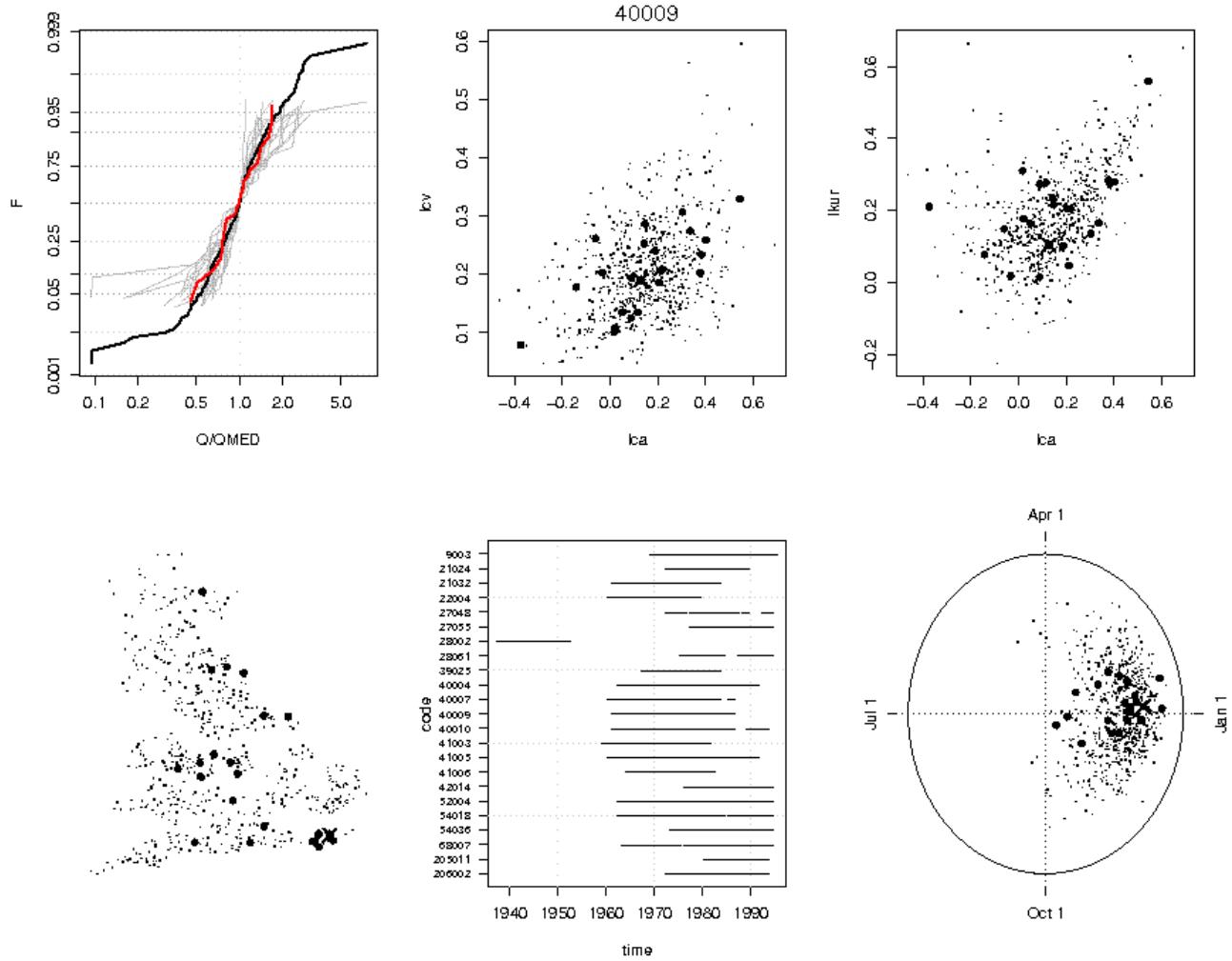
```

```

+ XFLOOD <- tapply(cos(radd), am[, 1], mean)
+ YFLOOD <- tapply(sin(radd), am[, 1], mean)
+ points(XFLOOD, YFLOOD, pch = ".", cex = 2)
+ radd <- days.r * pi/180
+ XFLOOD <- tapply(cos(radd), am.r[, 1], mean)
+ YFLOOD <- tapply(sin(radd), am.r[, 1], mean)
+ points(XFLOOD, YFLOOD, pch = 19, cex = 1)
+ radd <- days.x * pi/180
+ XFLOOD <- tapply(cos(radd), am.x[, 1], mean)
+ YFLOOD <- tapply(sin(radd), am.x[, 1], mean)
+ points(XFLOOD, YFLOOD, pch = 4, cex = 2, lwd = 2)
+ axis(1, at = 0, label = "Oct 1")
+ axis(2, at = 0, label = "Jul 1")
+ axis(3, at = 0, label = "Apr 1")
+ axis(4, at = 0, label = "Jan 1")
+ par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
+ title(main = x, cex.main = 1, font.main = 1)
+
}

```

```
> figure16.9b("40009", prova40009, am696, cd696)
```

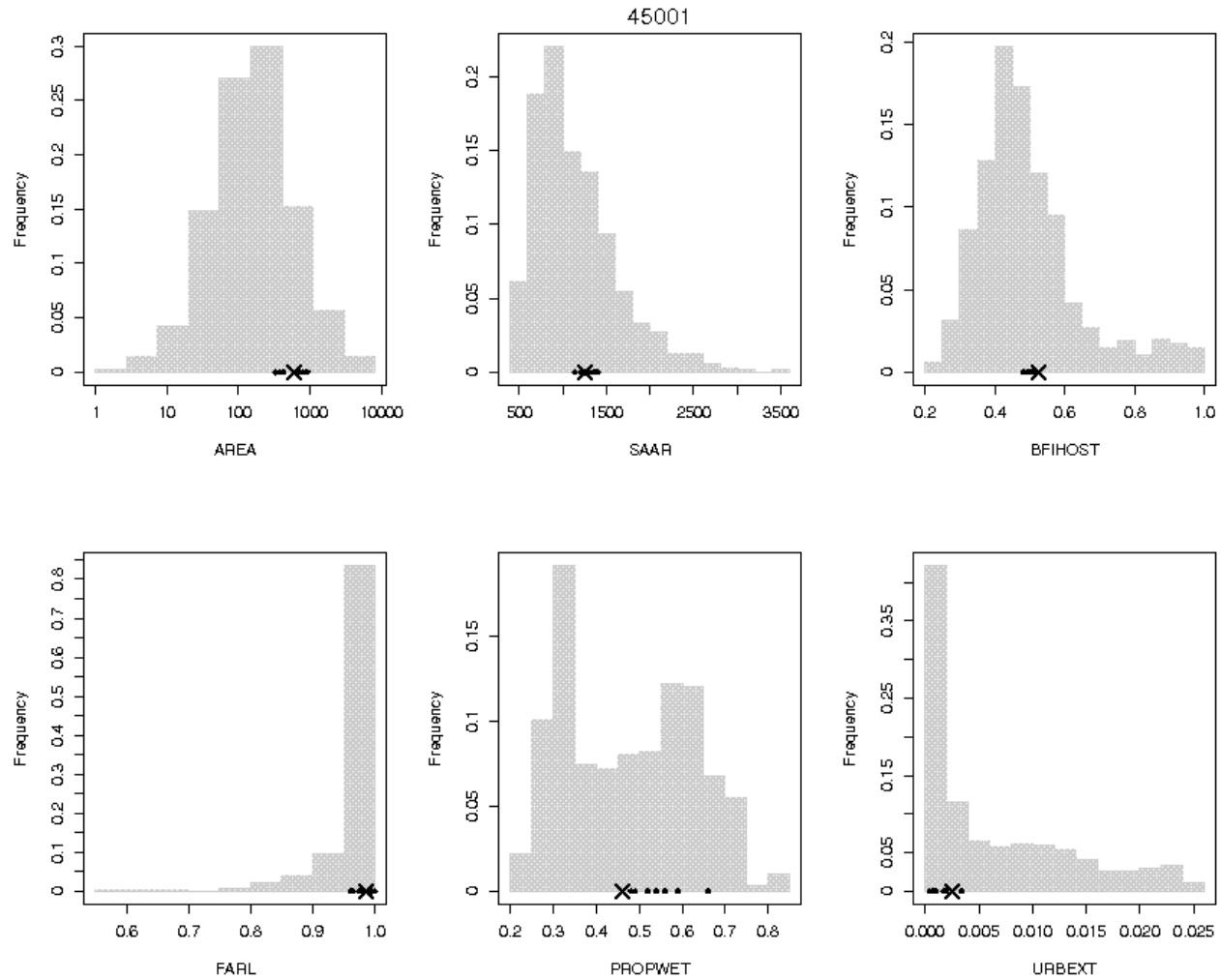


There are differences because: I plot the empirical growth curves; site 40009 in FEH book has 14 data, while I have 25; book uses POT for the polar plot, I only use annual maximum.

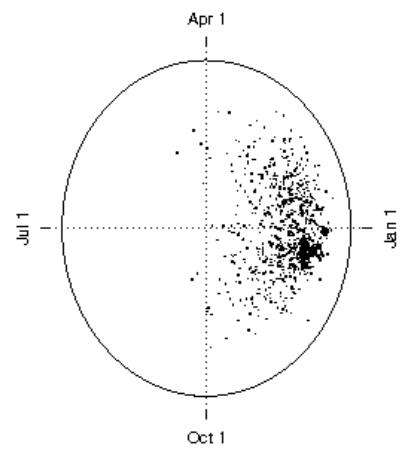
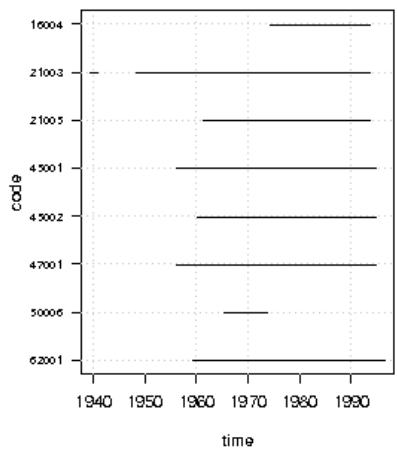
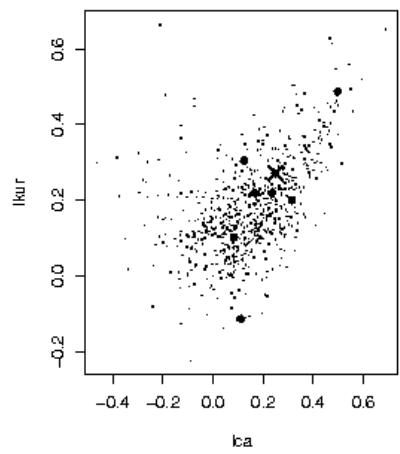
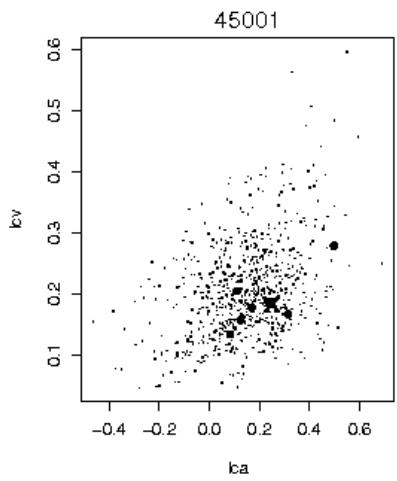
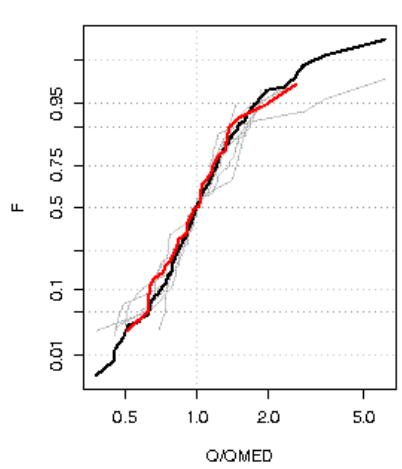
Figure 6.2 pag. 30, FEH Vol.3:

```
> prova45001 <- roi.st.year(roi.cd["45001", ], roi.cd, row.names(roi.cd),
+   am696[, "am"], am696[, "number"], test = "HW", station.year = 250,
+   Nsim = 500)

> figure16.9a("45001", prova45001, cd696)
```



```
> figure16.9b("45001", prova45001, am696, cd696)
```



References

Robson, A. and Reed, D. (1999). Statistical procedures for flood frequency estimation. In *Flood Estimation HandBook*, volume 3. Institute of Hydrology Crowmarsh Gifford, Wallingford, Oxfordshire.