

dist.Symbolic(clusterSim)

Ichino and Yaguchi dissimilarity measure for variable

$$\phi(A_j, B_j) = |A_j \oplus B_j| - |A_j \otimes B_j| + \gamma(2 \cdot |A_j \otimes B_j| - |A_j| - |B_j|),$$

where: $\phi(A_j, B_j)$ – dissimilarity measure of symbolic variables,

A_j, B_j – symbolic variables of any type,

\oplus – Cartesian join,

\otimes – Cartesian meet,

$| |$ – means the length of an interval for continuous data or the number of elements of an set of values,

γ – parameter $\langle 0, 1/2 \rangle$.

Ichino and Yaguchi measure for objects (U_2)

$$d_q(a_1, b_1) = \left(\sqrt[q]{\sum_{j=1}^p \phi(A_j, B_j)^q} \right),$$

where: $d_q(a_1, b_1)$ – Ichino and Yaguchi measure (sometimes called extended Minkowski metric, see E. Diday [2000]),

q – integer number greater or equal 1,

$a_1 = (A_1, A_2, \dots, A_p)$, $b_1 = (B_1, B_2, \dots, B_p)$ – two symbolic objects containing p symbolic variables,

$\phi(A_j, B_j)$ – Ichino and Yaguchi dissimilarity measure for variables (6).

Hausdorff distance measure (H)

$$\max \left\{ \max_{\alpha \in [A, \bar{A}]} \left\{ \min_{\beta \in [B, \bar{B}]} d(\alpha, \beta) \right\}, \max_{\beta \in [B, \bar{B}]} \left\{ \min_{\alpha \in [A, \bar{A}]} d(\alpha, \beta) \right\} \right\},$$

where: $H(a_1, b_1)$ – Hausdorff distance,

$a_1 = (A_1, A_2, \dots, A_p)$, $b_1 = (B_1, B_2, \dots, B_p)$ – two symbolic objects containing p symbolic interval-valued variables. Each variable A_i is an interval in a form $[A_i, \bar{A}_i]$,

$d(\dots)$ – Euclidean distance.

References

Billard, L., Diday, E. (2006): *Symbolic data analysis. Conceptual statistics and data mining*, Wiley, Chichester.

Bock H.H., Diday E. (Eds.) (2000), *Analysis of symbolic data. Explanatory methods for extracting statistical information from complex data*, Springer Verlag, Berlin.